

SPEAKING THE SHIPS.

Untraveled dweller by the haven-side,
I saw the great ships come, sojourn a
day.
Thou set their eager sails, their anchor
weigh,
And give themselves to rocking wind
and tide.
I spoke them not, nor they to me replied,
Of where their veld and lonely journey
lay.
Now, since my lips have tasted mid-
sea spray,
In common speech I hail those wander-
ers wide.
To this: "Proud Scotia gave thy ribs to
thee!"
To this: "Thy masts have known the
Apeninnes!"
Or, "Togas empty where thy frame
was planned."
Or, "Say, thou gallant one, if true it be,
Thou hither camest with board of
Levan wind,
And dulcet fruits from many a sun-
loved land."
—Century.

After the Matinee.

THE play was over, and the play-
goers, with introspective eyes
and faces attuned to the climax
they had witnessed, surged forth from
the several exits.
Outside as well as in the scene had
changed, and for a few minutes a be-
wildered crowd swayed hither and
thither on the greasy pavement before
a drop-curtain of impenetrable fog.
Then came a momentary lifting of the
vaporous barrier, and with coat collars
up and covered mouths the various
groups pressed stoically forward—for
a second wealth, weirdly indefinite,
then suddenly invisible, engulfed in
the mysterious beyond. Phantom vehi-
cles, emerged from the gloom, glided
noiselessly away with the occupants of
boxes and stalls, and the street settled
into silence.
"Is that you, Jack?" an anxious voice
demanded pantingly as a fragrant odor
diffused itself into the murky atmos-
phere, and a glowing point of light ad-
vanced slowly toward the speaker.
"It is not—Jack, Sue," the owner of
the cigar said quietly. "Have you lost
your party?"
"You, Edward? How very lucky! I
ran back for my fan, and didn't find it



SURGED FORTH FROM SEVERAL EXITS.

just at once. Jack must have thought I
was in the other carriage, and naturally
they concluded he was waiting for me.

"Naturally."
His tone was colorless, but her quick
glance at him was inquiring, and lingered
thoughtfully.
"What are we to do in this appall-
ing darkness?" she asked, shivering.
"Could we get somewhere for tea?"
He went a few steps, paused irresolu-
tely at the sound of her cough, and
slipping out of his fur-lined coat returned
with it over his arm.
"You are much too lightly clad—as
usual," he observed curtly. "Put this
on. Nonsense!" as she protested; "you
don't particularly want an attack of
pneumonia, I suppose."
As he strode off into the fog she drew
the garment more closely about her. It
reached almost to her feet, and she
looked down at herself with an insur-
mountable smile as she nestled into its warm
folds.

Despite the chill atmosphere, the gen-
eral discomfort, she fell into a reverie
as she leaned idly against the theater
door waiting, and when the waiting
was over it was to the uppermost
thought of those that had possessed her
that she presently gave utterance.
"How quaint for you and me to be
driving about together in a hansom!"
"Very"—dryly. "We conform most
scrupulously to the dictates of the fash-
ionable world. We neither go out to-
gether nor stay in together; we see as
little of each other as possible. We
are a model couple."
"It might be—better—if we were
not."

There was something unwonted in
her tone, in the whitening of her lips,
and the restlessness of the small bare
hands almost hidden in the big sleeves
of her coat.

He looked at her curiously.
"Did you enjoy the piece?"
"The piece? Oh, yes, as well as most
pieces." Her voice was weary. "I did
not see you there."

"No, I stood most of the time—al-
most under your box. Do you think in
the long run the heroine came to love
the fussy photographer with whom she
consorted herself?"

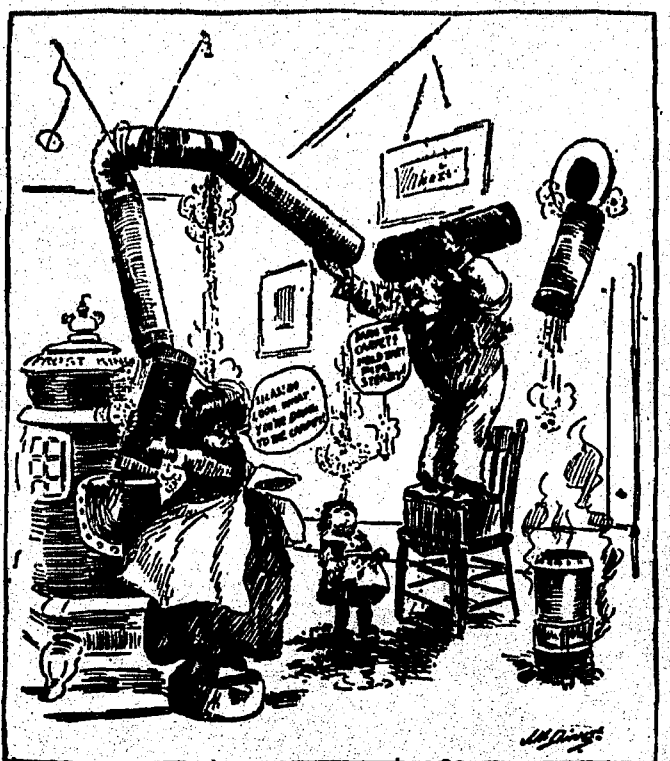
"No. He was a refuge, that was all.
She spoke of him as a 'good little
man.'"

"Well—I don't quite see—"
"She wouldn't even have thought of
his stature if she had loved him."
"Wouldn't she?" inquired the man,
whose 6 feet 2 of length was but ill ac-
commodated in the half of a hansom
cab, and a faint smile flitted across his
face.

"No, and she certainly would not
have troubled to correct herself if she
had chanced to refer to him in such
terms."

"I don't follow your argument, Sue."
"She would be no sure of herself, of
his dignity, and her own recognition of
it under all circumstances that she
would not always be on guard against

THOSE MELANCHOLY DAYS HAVE COME. THE SADDEST OF THE YEAR.



—St. Louis City Journal.

forgetting it—always jealous lest some
outsider should ignore it."

"And," her companion pursued with
slow deliberation, "do you—since you
are such a student of human nature—
suppose she could entirely in her
'good little man' told him how near
she came to wrecking her life?"

"Possibly—probably. If so it is cer-
tain he wept over her woes and quite
failed to see she had been wrong, be-
cause, of course, in his eyes it was un-
thinkable she could be. Had he not
been 'little'—"

"Well—had he not—"
"It would have depended on the
measure of his greatness whether she
told him or not."

"Sue"—he turned on her with an
abrupt change of subject—"why did
you marry me?"

"Why—?"
"Let me have the reason, once for
all, be the consequences what they may.
The question comes between me and my
very thought, and I can find no answer
to it. You don't spend money like other
women of your class—you care nothing,
apparently, for the luxuries it
places within your reach—"

"You think it was for your wealth?
You think that?"

"But what then, what else, since it
is certain you do not, and never did,
love me?"
"And if it were true! Did you not
need my title—my connections—to—"

"Burnish my plebeian gold and cloak
my obscure origin?" he concluded as she
broke off sobbingly. "Is that what you
would say? Has the result justified
the accusation, Sue? Have I made use
of these things, altered my life, in any
way?"

"They said—"
"If they said anything but that I
loved you with all my heart and soul
and strength, Sue—with every fiber of
my being—they lied."

He was staring straight before him,
his face stern and set, and for a mo-
ment two destinies trembled in the bal-
ance.

Then, "Is the past tense inevitable?"
she whispered. "Have not you, too, be-
lieved what they said?"

Her hand touched his, to be instantly
covered, clasped in a grip that was an-
swer enough.

"Then it is not 'Jack' nor another?"
"Are you a 'great man,' Edward?"
His eyes searched hers, and drew con-
tent from their clear depths.

"Perhaps, if there were need. But
there is none."
"No, there is none. Edward, the fog
is lifting."

"And the sun is shining," he said—
The Tattler.

CHINA'S PROGRESS.

Both Emperor and Dowager Em-
press in Favor of Reforms.
During the past four years, or since the
subsidence of the Boxer troubles and the
return to Peking of the imperial family,
more sweeping changes have been
decreed in China than in any other
country at any period of history, ex-
cept Japan. Today China is recon-
structing her navy and the day is rapidly
nearing when it will no longer
be a negligible
quantity. The army, too, is trained
according to western methods, is
dressed in western uniforms and is
supplied with modern arms. Rail-
roads are being extended and the
telegraph is being used as in occidental
lands. Formerly the vast mineral de-
posits of the empire were neglected.
Now the government has formed elab-
orate regulations, limiting the share of
foreigners and encouraging the Chinese
to engage in mining enterprises. Offi-
cials are being trained for the customs
service according to the system estab-
lished by Sir Robert Hart and reform
newspapers are being established. Every-
where from the precincts of the court
downward and outward the leav-
ing of progress is working and the an-
cient empire, so long stagnant and self-
contained, is pulsating with a new life.



EMPEROR OF CHINA.

This remarkable development is due
to the Dowager Empress, who since the
Boxer movement has been a staunch
progressist. That the development will
not be retarded when this remarkable
woman reaches the end of her activities
is patent from the fact that the young
Emperor had embraced reform ideas
long before the Dowager Empress, who
really governs the country, had been
attracted by them. The Emperor re-
cently celebrated his 34th birthday and

diversary and is in entire accord with
the modernizing agencies which are
transforming China. Beside being the
Emperor of China in the secular sense,
he also occupies the unique position
of being the high priest, who once a
year performs the sacrificial rites be-
fore the open altar to heaven on behalf
of his multitudinous subjects.

According to Chinese tradition and
belief, the Emperor is responsible, as a
ruler, only to heaven, whose vice-
regent he claims to be. That this claim
will in time be abated would appear
from the recent report of a commission
appointed by the Dowager Empress to
investigate constitutional government
among western nations. The report of
this commission requested the throne
to fix upon five years as the limit with-
in which China will adopt a constitu-
tional form of government.

IN GREAT OCEAN DEPTHS.
Some Hurdles and Plateaus of the
Sea Have Been Explored.
The greatest ocean depths are not in
the Atlantic, the veritable abysses
are to be found on the other side of the
globe. Close to New Zealand the water
attains a depth of five and one-half
miles in the Kermadec and Tonga riv-
ines, which in themselves attain a
depth of 29,520 feet, while they are
separated from each other by a chain of
mountains 9,850 feet in height. There
is also the Aleutian ravine, which
reaches a depth of 23,000 feet.

Mostly subaqueous scenery is monotonous; there are no abrupt declivities
or precipices; except in the vicinity of
the coasts or near islands of volcanic
formation, everything being rounded off
and smoothed down by the action of
the water. Close to the land there is
somewhat more variety. The Euro-
pean plateau slopes gradually away
down into the depths and a fair view
can be obtained here, provided a maxi-
mum depth of 1,300 feet be not ex-
ceeded.

At first abundant vegetation and animal
life are met with, but below the
depth mentioned the scene changes;
first the light grows dimmer and dimmer
and the deeper we descend the
lower does the thermometer fall, except
in the case of the Mediterranean, where
the temperature is, relatively speaking,
high, as this sea is contained in what
is practically a closed basin. In the
Atlantic the temperature of the water
was taken for a depth of 19,680 feet.
The surface temperature of 68 degrees
fell to 38 degrees at a depth of 6,562
feet. After 6,562 feet the temperature
falls, but slowly as greater depths are
attained, the cold being practically uni-
form and not subject to any changes of
season.—Scientific American.

She Probably Knew.

In a small Massachusetts college town
is a charming young lady, also a learned
professor. Nothing affords the
young lady more pleasure than to upset
the professor's pet theories by witty
exceptions to his rules, as she did in
this instance. They were both at a
small social affair and the professor had
been the center of the stage. He was
remarkable:

"This is the age of specialists. No man
can compete with a specialist in a
given line. And even if both be spe-
cialists the most experienced man suc-
ceeds best."

"There is at least one thing, profes-
sor, in which the least experienced man
succeeds best," the young lady asserted.
"And what is that, if I may ask?"

"Why, failing in love," she said, with
a teasing smile.—Philadelphia Ledger.

The Tact Market.

Chancellor James R. Day was once
advising a young undergraduate of
Syracuse University to cultivate tact.
"But, alas," he said, "I fear that ad-
vice on such a subject must always be
wasted. On tact the last word was
spoken by Barbery d'Aureville when he
said:

"If tact could be bought, only those
already possessed of it would want to
buy it."

Took No Chances.

Mrs. Nurich—John, you are scratch-
ing up my polished floors terribly. Don't
you suppose there are some nails in
your boots?

Nurich—Of course there are. I had
them put there to keep from breaking
my neck on your floors.—Detroit Free
Press.

A Call Loan.

The inexperienced One (on Atlantic
liner, second day out)—By George!
But the sea certainly gives a fellow a
great appetite!
The Experienced One—Not gives, my
boy—nearly lands.—Pack.

DAY OF THE DEAD.

Many Large Things Being Done by
the United States.
Many large things are being done by
the United States in a quiet way these
days. Two weeks ago Secretary Root
returned from his trip round the South
American continent. Two days ago
Secretary Taft reached Washington after
establishing peace in Cuba. In each
case these missions were unexampled.
Mr. Root was the first American for-
eign minister who had ever been out of
his country on official business during
his term. Mr. Taft was the first
head of any administrative department
at Washington who had ever become
receiver of any foreign government.
Each of these officials did his work with
tact and thoroughness. Secretary Root
traveled 10,000 miles while on his mis-
sion, he met the heads of most of the
South American republics, and on all
of them he impressed the fact that the
greatest friend they had in the world
was the United States. The counsel
which he gave to all of them will un-
questionably be of service in leading
them to see that their interests, at home
and abroad, will be served by a policy
of stability, sanity and square dealing
with all the world.

President Roosevelt is to make a visit
to Panama, to inspect the work which
has been done on the American zone on
the isthmus, to learn the precise condi-
tions there at first hand, and to be in
a position to recommend to Congress
such legislation as may be needed in
pushing the work of construction. While
at the isthmus the President is likely to
call on the government of the Panama
republic. This is a regime in which we
have special interest. It was Ameri-
can sympathy, supplemented by prompt
American recognition, that created Pan-
ama. After the republic had been
placed on its feet the United States,
under the obligation to prevent any in-
terruption in the trade across the isth-
mus, prevented the Columbian govern-
ment from attempting to subvert the
regime at Panama. By a treaty with
that republic, under which we have ob-
tained the right of way for the canal,
we have guaranteed the republic's inde-
pendence. Thus President Amador's
country, which is the newest and one
of the smallest of the nations of the
earth, has a recognized place on the
world's map. Panama's position is so
safely buttressed that Colombia, from
which she seceded, is about to recog-
nize her independence. All the rest
of the important governments of the
world had already done this, following
the example of the United States; but
Mexico in the old days never gave full
diplomatic sanction to her separated
colony, the republic of Texas, although
Texas had an independent existence
for nine years before coming into the
American Union.

Mr. Roosevelt's mission will be as
unprecedented as were those of his two
cabinet department chiefs. No Presi-
dent of the United States thus far has
ever gone out of the country on any
sort of official business. Technically,
Mr. Roosevelt will be in the United
States all the time, for he will be con-
veyed to and from the isthmus on an
American warship, and theoretically
that vessel will be his domicile while
there. But actually he will be outside
of the limits of the United States. Even
the canal zone is only leased to us.
The title is in the government of Pan-
ama. It is believed that while the
President is on his trip to the isthmus
he will call at Havana. For the next
few months, and, probably, forever,
the United States will be in control of
Cuba. Under the Platt amendment we
took charge of affairs there, on the
collapse of the Palma government, and
we must remain until fair elections for
President, Vice President and members
of Congress are held. The elections
will take place under the machinery
provided by the Cuban laws. But we will
supervise the elections. We will also
be the judges as to whether or not the
elections are fair. Secretary Taft, after
listening to both sides in Cuba re-
garding the elections of 1905, said that
they were "rotten." It is our business
now to see that, at the restoration of
Cuban authority, if there ever is to be
a restoration, the elections will not be
open to reproach. If President Roose-
velt visits Havana he will get a recep-
tion from natives and foreigners which
will be memorable for its enthusiasm.
The visit, too, will attract the world's
attention. The United States these
days is blazing new paths in practical
politics and diplomacy, but all are in
the direction of progress and peace. All
are calculated to give the United States
a new claim to world leadership in
civilization, and enlightenment.—St.
Louis Globe-Democrat.

The Republican Party and Farmer.
In 1862 Lincoln signed a free homes
bill which has added millions to the
West's farming population. In 1902
Roosevelt put his signature to a na-
tional irrigation act which will place
other millions of farmers in the new
empire which it will create in the arid
region. By its protective tariff acts the
Republican party has put the United
States in the lead of all the nations in
the extent and variety of its industrial
activities, and has created a home mar-
ket which has advanced the price of
everything that the farmer has to sell,
has increased the value of his land and
all other sorts of property belonging to
him, has reduced the cost of the things
which the farmer has to buy, and has
made an addition to his comforts and
to his general prosperity and social in-
fluence undreamed of in the years pre-
ceding the foundation of the Republi-
can party.

In the Republican scheme in which
the nation has been developed there has
been no forgotten man, white, black,
red or brown, low or high, and there
has been no neglected calling. In a
direct and emphatic degree the Ameri-
can farmer has reason to be grateful
for the work which has been done for
him by the Republican party.—Ledger's
Weekly.

In Sweden a separate car must be
provided on the suburban night trains
out of Stockholm for the accommodation
of intoxicated persons.

Italy has 95,701 acres of orange and
lemon groves, containing 10,739,907
trees.

POLITICAL COMMENT

Why the Farmer Sticks.

Fully ten billion dollars have been
added to the value of the farms of the
United States in the past ten years of
Republican protection prosperity. Prac-
tically another ten billions has in these
ten years been added to the market
value of farm products. These are
astounding figures, but they are borne
out by official statistics.

The increase in the value of farm
lands in the past five years, 1900-1905,
has been \$6,131,000,000.

In a report entitled "Local Condi-
tions as Affecting Farm Values, 1900-
1905," lately issued by the Bureau of
Statistics of the Department of Agri-
culture, we find the following state-
ment:

Increase in Value for Ten Classes of
Farms.—For rice farms the increased
value of the farm real estate during the
five years is \$3,000,000, after which are
the sugar farms, with an increase of \$20-
000,000, the tobacco farms increased
\$57,000,000, the fruit farms \$34,000,000,
and the vegetable farms \$113,000,000.
The dairy farm increase of \$360,000,000
is exceeded by the increase of \$460,000-
000 for cotton farms, and considerably
more by the increase of farms devoted to
general purposes, including a small el-
ement of farms with minor specialities,
which was \$768,000,000. The grand ag-
gregate increase for all classes of farms

Higher prices for products. (Chiefly
due to Protection.)

Some details of these higher prices
are found interesting. In 1800 (free
trade tariff period) corn averaged 21.5
cents a bushel; five years later, 1805,
(protection period), the average was
60.5 cents a bushel. Oats were worth
18.7 in 1800, and 80.0 in 1901. Wheat
was 50.0 cents a bushel in 1805, and
0.24 cents a bushel in 1904. Eggs
brought 10.0 cents a dozen in 1800, and
31.8 cents a dozen in 1905.

The average prices for 1901-1904 were
far greater than for 1805-1800. Corn
(not counting the extraordinary price
of 60.5 cents in 1901) was 14.2 cents
higher; wheat, 5.0 higher; oats, 10.2
higher; potatoes, 15.0 higher; horses,
\$22.74 higher; mules, \$22.03 higher;
milch cows, \$5.00 higher; other cattle,
\$1.63 higher; sheep, 70 cents higher;
swine, \$1.00 higher. In 1900 prices are
still higher than the average for 1900-
1904 for a large number of farm arti-
cles, including corn, wheat, rye, pota-
toes, tobacco, cotton, cottonseed meal,
eggs, horses, mules and sheep.

Farmers have reason to stand with
the Republican party, the party of pro-
tection and prosperity. At the rate of
a dollar a reason, they have about 20-
000,000,000 reasons for refusing to



is \$6,131,000,000, more than two-thirds of
which is contributed by the increase for
hay and grain farms \$1,833,000,000, and
\$2,298,000,000 for live stock farms.

This increase of more than six billion
dollars in the value of farm lands in
the five years ending with 1905 is in
striking contrast with what took place
in the four years of Democratic tariff
making, 1893-1897. In those four years
—lean for the wage earners and there-
fore lean for the farmers—the decline
in value of farm products was esti-
mated at between \$4,000,000,000 and
\$5,000,000,000. American labor was
earning less and eating less. In that
same lean period of free trade tariff
revision the depreciation of farm land
values was not less than \$5,000,000,000.
Total loss to the farmers of the United
States in four years of downward tar-
iff revision, ten billion dollars.

All of this gigantic loss was recov-
ered in the four years of protection
prosperity following the election of
President McKinley in 1896. In the
next succeeding five years, ending with
1905, years of Republican protection
prosperity, there has been a further
gain of more than six billions in farm
land value and of probably four bil-
lion dollars in the values of farm prod-
ucts.

Counting the money lost, 1890-1897
(free trade period), \$10,000,000,000,
and the money gained back again and
increased beyond that by the huge gains
in values of lands and of products
since 1900, and we find that restored
protection to labor, to industry and to
the products of agriculture has been
worth twenty billion dollars to the
farmers of the United States!

Says the report of the Agricultural
Department, lately issued:

Increase in Value for Five Geographic
Divisions.—Nearly four-fifths of the na-
tional aggregate increase in value of farm
real estate during the five years is found
in two groups of States—the North Cen-
tral States, with more than half of the
total increase, or \$3,572,000,000, and the
South Central States, or one-fifth of
that increase, or \$1,204,000,000. The
South Atlantic and Western groups of
States have nearly the same increase—
\$314,000,000 and \$249,000,000, respec-
tively. The smallest increase is left to the
North Atlantic States, where a net gain
of \$244,000,000 remains after deducting
some reported decreases in value.

Increases in farm land values have
been greatest in those sections where
the largest growth of manufacturing in-
dustries has taken place—in the North
Central and South Central States. The
more factories, the better for the farm-
er; the nearer the factories to the farm-
ers, the greater the demand for farm
products at highest prices.

Among the causes of increase in farm
land values given in the report under
consideration are the following:

New or expanding manufacturing in-
dustries in nearby markets. (Result of
Protection.)
Raising sugar beets for sugar factories.
(Result of Protection.)
Improved economic conditions; general
prosperity. (Almost wholly the result of
Protection.)

stand with the free trade party, the
party of adversity and ruin.—American
Economist.

Twelve Dollars a Ton.

Quite frequently we see in the col-
umns of free trade and tariff revision
newspaper a repetition of the silly
statement attributed to Charles H.
Schwab to the effect that steel rails
could be made by the Carnegie Com-
pany at a profit for \$12 a ton. We do
not know whether or not Mr. Schwab
ever made this statement. What we
do know is that in 1899, the year when
he is said to have made the statement,
the price of Bessemer pig iron at Pitts-
burg was \$19 a ton. It takes consid-
erably more than a ton of pig iron to
make a ton of steel rails. Either the
Carnegie Company got its pig iron for
nothing, or else Mr. Schwab did not
know what he was talking about, or
else he did not say that steel rails
could be sold at a profit for \$12 a ton.

In the past four years pig iron has
ranged from \$11 to \$18 a ton. Granted
that the United States Steel Corpora-
tion has made a handsome profit on its
steel rail production at \$28 per ton,
and that it has occasionally sold its
rails outside of the United States at
less than \$28, the fact remains that the
assertion that steel rails could be sold
at a profit for \$12 is unmitigated non-
sense. A child should know better than
to believe and repeat so transparent a
fable.—American Economist.

Always to Regret.
For a hundred years we have had
occasional outbreaks such as are tak-
ing place now. In the years when
protection has scored its most signal
triumphs the people have often turned
against it, but always to discover and
regret their mistake within a very
short period of time. Secretary Shaw
is the most conspicuous advocate in
America today of the economic system
which has prevailed in this country
with great benefit throughout all the
prosperous periods of our history
from the days of Alexander Hamilton
until the present time. Now and then
it will be overthrown, but its over-
throw will be only temporary. Pro-
tectionists may be sad over the follies
of those who know not what they do
when they denounce it, but they can
always be assured that no anti-protec-
tion victory will ever be permanent.
Shaw is denounced now by some be-
cause he is the great protectionist to-
day, but that may only mean that he
may be acclaimed to-morrow. He sure-
ly will be if the country goes to the
length of again taking up the free
trade folly.—Cedar Rapids Republican.

A thorough knowledge of the "geog-
raphy" of London is required of cab-
men. Among 735 applicants for license
in 1901 there were only 350 who
passed the examination; and of these
were dropped because they did not
know how to drive.

No Russian army officer can marry
before the age of 23.

BUILT UP HER HEALTH SPEEDY CURE OF MISS GOODE

She is Made Well by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and Writes Gratefully to Mrs. Pinkham.

For the wonderful help that she has
found Miss Cora Goode, 755 E. Chicago
Avenue, Chicago, Ill., believes it her
duty to write the following letter for
publication, in order that other women
afflicted in the same way may be



Miss Cora Goode

benefited as she was. Miss Goode is
president of the Bryn Mawr Lawn
Tennis Club of Chicago. She writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham—
"I tried many different remedies to
build up my system, which had become run
down from loss of proper rest and unreason-
able hours and nothing seemed to help me.
Mother is a great advocate of Lydia E. Pink-
ham's Vegetable Compound for female trou-
bles, having used it herself some years ago
with great success. So I began to take it,
and in less than a month I was able to be out
of bed and out of doors, and in three months
I was actually well. Truly I have never felt
so strong and well as I have since."
No other medicine has such a record
of cures of female troubles as has Lydia
E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.
Women who are troubled with pain-
ful or irregular periods, backache,
bloating (or flatulence), displacement
of organs, inflammation or ulceration,
can be restored to perfect health
and strength by taking Lydia E.
Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.
Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women
to write her for advice. She has guided
thousands to health. Her experience
is very great, and she gives the benefit
of it to all who stand in need of wise
counsel. She is the daughter-in-law of
Lydia E. Pinkham and for twenty-five
years has been advising sick women
free of charge. Address, Lynn, Mass.

Real Indian Drama.
In America the once mighty Ojib-
ways, the Indians of the lake regions,
are playing each year daily, through
the summer season, what has been
called their "Passion Play" at Ya-way-
ga-mug, now known as Round Lake,
near Petoskey, Michigan.

This play, adapted and translated
from Longfellow's "Hiawatha," by Mr.
Armstrong of Montreal, was first played
at Desharats, in the heart of the
Ojibway country, for the entertainment
of Longfellow's children and grand-
children.

A Lazy Liver

May be only a tired liver, or a starved liver. It would be a stupid as well as a strange thing to treat a weary or starved liver because he is in his work. So in treating the lazy liver it is a great mistake to ask it to do too much. A tired liver is not an indication of an ill-nourished, enfeebled body whose organs are weary with overwork. Start with the stomach and allied organs of digestion and nutrition. Put them in working order and see how quickly your liver will become active. Dr. Hecox's Golden Medical Discovery has made many marvelous cures of "liver trouble" by its wonderful control of the organs of digestion and nutrition. It restores the normal activity of the stomach, increases the secretions of the blood-making glands, cleanses the system from poisonous accumulations, and so relieves the liver of the burdens imposed upon it by the deflection of other organs.

If you have bitter bile in the morning, poor or flabby appetite, coated tongue, bad breath, constipated or irregular bowels, feel weak, easily tired, experience frequent headaches, pain or distress in "small of back," drawing or dragging pain in stomach, perhaps nausea, or "rising" in throat after eating, and kindred symptoms of weak stomach and torpid liver, no medicine will relieve you more promptly or cure you more thoroughly than Dr. Hecox's Golden Medical Discovery. Perhaps only a part of the above symptoms will be present at one time and yet point to torpid liver or biliousness and weak stomach. Avoid all hot breads and biscuits, middle cakes, and other indigestible food and take the "Golden Medical Discovery" regularly and stick to it until you are vigorous and strong.

The "Discovery" is a non-secret, non-alcoholic, is a glyceric extract of native medicinal roots with full list of its ingredients printed on each bottle wrapper and attested under oath. Its ingredients are endorsed and attested by the most eminent medical writers of the age and are recommended to cure the diseases for which it is advised.

Don't accept a substitute of unknown composition for this non-secret medicine of known composition.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Wm. Wood

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE, FOR DIZZINESS, FOR BILIOUSNESS, FOR TORPID LIVER, FOR CONSTIPATION, FOR SALLOW SKIN, FOR THE COMPLEXION.

THE ONLY GENUINE REMEDY FOR ALL THE ABOVE AFFECTIONS.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

Canadian Government FREE FARMS

Over 200,000 American farmers who have settled in Canada during the past few years testify to the fact that Canada is, beyond question, the greatest farming land in the world.

Over Ninety Million Bushels of wheat from the harvest of 1900, means good money to the farmers of Western Canada when the world has to be fed. Cattle raising, dairying, mixed farming are also profitable callings. Coal, wood, water in abundance, cheap land, and schools, convenient markets easy of access. Taxes low. For advice and information address the Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or the authorized Canadian Government agent, D. Scott, Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or C. J. Brodhead, Room 40, Quincy Building, Chicago, Ill., R. F. Holmes, 155 Jackson St., St. Paul, Minn., M. J. McInnes, 2000 Avenue Theatre Block, Detroit, Mich., J. C. Currie, Room 12, B. Callahan Block, Milwaukee, Wis., W. H. Rogers, 3rd Floor, Transcontinental Building, Indianapolis, Ind., Authorized Government Agents.

Please say where you saw this advertisement.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY! Give quick relief to dropsy of the chest, abdomen, and legs. Full size 50 cts. at Druggists and by mail. Trial size 10 cts. by mail.

Write A. B. Johnson, Alton, Mo., for facts and cheap bottles. See clinics, Alton, and water.



Don't Suffer all night long from toothache, neuralgia or rheumatism.

Sloan's Liniment

kills the pain - quiets the nerves and induces sleep

At all dealers. Price 25c 50c & \$1.00

Dr. Earl S. Sloan, Boston, Mass., U.S.A.

Sale Ten Million Boxes a Year.

Peppermint Candy Cathartic

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

A Fruitarian Diet

A fruitarian diet consists of the fruits of trees (like apples, oranges, bananas and olives), the fruits of bushes (like currants and raspberries), the fruits of plants (like strawberries and melon, lentils and beans and cucumbers), the fruits of grasses (like wheat and barley and maize and oats), the fruits of nut trees (from almonds to coconuts), together with some earth fruits (like potatoes), and a modicum of vegetables and salads. To these may be added butter, milk, honey and cheese, although their production is not so free from risk of contamination and animal infection as is the case with the products of the vegetable kingdom and the world of fruits. Grown under healthy conditions, with diseased specimens easy to detect and remove, it is far more possible to live healthy and well upon a fruitarian dietary than upon the products of the slaughter house.

AWFUL SUFFERING.

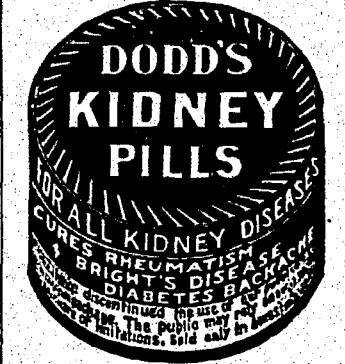
From Dreadful Pains From Wound on Foot—System All Run Down—Miraculous Cure by Cuticura.

"Words cannot speak highly enough for the Cuticura Remedies. I am now seventy-two years of age. My system had been all run down. My blood was so bad that blood poisoning had set in. I had several doctors attending me, so finally I went to the hospital, where I was laid up for two months. My foot and ankle were almost beyond recognition. Dark blood flowed out of wounds in many places, and I was so disheartened that I thought surely my last chance was slowly leaving me. As the foot did not improve, you can readily imagine how I felt. I was simply disgusted and tired of life. I stood this pain, which was dreadful, for six months, and during this time I was not able to wear a shoe and not able to work. Some one spoke to me about Cuticura. The consequences were I bought a set of the Cuticura Remedies of one of my friends who was a druggist, and the praise that I gave after the second application is beyond description; it seemed a miracle, for the Cuticura Remedies took effect immediately. I washed the foot with the Cuticura Soap before applying the Ointment, and I took the Resolvent at the same time. After two weeks' treatment my foot was healed completely. People who had seen my foot during my illness and who have seen it since the cure, can hardly believe their own eyes. Robert Schoenhauer, Newburgh, N. Y., Aug. 21, 1905."

Remove in installments. Remorse, says a writer in the New York Tribune, does not always go as far as the offense which gives birth to it.

There was once a man who was robbed of one hundred dollars. A long time afterward he received this letter:

"Dear Sir: Five years ago I robbed you of one hundred dollars. I am filled with remorse that I could have done such a thing. I send you a dollar and a half to ease my conscience."



DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES, SUCH AS BRUISED KIDNEYS, GRAVEL, DIABETES, ETC.

A Positive CURE FOR CATARRH

Ely's Cream Balm

It is quickly absorbed. Gives Relief at Once. It cleanses, soothes, heals and protects the diseased membrane. It cures Catarrh and drives away a Cold in the Head quickly. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50 cts. at Druggists or by mail. Trial size 10 cts. by mail.



Don't Suffer all night long from toothache, neuralgia or rheumatism.

Sloan's Liniment

kills the pain - quiets the nerves and induces sleep

At all dealers. Price 25c 50c & \$1.00

Dr. Earl S. Sloan, Boston, Mass., U.S.A.

Sale Ten Million Boxes a Year.

Peppermint Candy Cathartic

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

NERVOUS COLLAPSE

Sinking Spells, Headaches and Rheumatism all Yield to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Mrs. Linda Williams, of No. 416 Cedar street, Quincy, Ill., says: "Ever since I had nervous prostration, about thirteen years ago, I have been periodical spells of complete exhaustion. The doctor for said my nerves were shattered. Any excitement or unusual activity would throw me into a state of lifelessness. As the beginning my strength would come back in a moderate time after each attack, but the period of weakness kept lengthening until at last I would lie helpless as many as three hours at a stretch. I had dizzy feelings, palpitation of the heart, misery after eating, hot flashes, nervous headaches, rheumatic pains in the back and hips. The doctor did me so little good that I gave up his treatment, and really feared that my case was incurable."

"When I began taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, my appetite grew, my nerves were quieted to a degree that I had not experienced for years and my strength returned. The fainting spells left me entirely after I had used the third box of the pills, and my friends say that I am looking better than I have done for the past fifteen years."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are recommended for diseases that come from impoverished blood such as anemia, rheumatism, debility and disorders of the nerves such as neuralgia, nervous prostration and partial paralysis. They have cured the most stubborn indigestion. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills agree with the most delicate stomach, quiet all nervousness, stir up every organ to do its proper work and give strength that lasts. Sold by all druggists, or sent postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes for \$2.50 by Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

Helps Business.

"Why is it," asked the visitor at the summer garden, "that when we go into one of these showrooms we have to go out through some little exit as far away as possible from the entrance?"

"Because," answered the other visitor, who had been there before, "it saves the confusion that would be caused by the fellows who have just seen the show stopping the fellows who are going in and telling them it's rotten."

Deafness Cannot be Cured by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed, the drumhead, which is attached to the bone, is pulled away from its normal position, hearing is lost, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness caused by catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

J. W. C. HENRY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

A Brave Sinker.

"I tell you," said one man to another, as they emerged from the dimly lighted corridor of a concert hall. "I envy that fellow who was singing."

"Envy him?" echoed the other. "Well, if I were going to envy a singer I'd select somebody with a better voice. His was about the poorest I ever heard."

"It's not his voice I envy, man," was the reply. "It's his tremendous courage."

Weakness.

The man who had just returned from the northern lakes proudly exhibited a twenty-pound muskellunge.

"It's a beauty," said his friends. "You must have had a hard fight to capture that fellow."

"You bet I did!" he exclaimed. "I—"

Here he had a short but severe struggle with his conscience.

"—bargled with the fisherman for half an hour before he would sell it to me at any price."

Making New Rubber Plants.

From a rubber plant which is growing in a living room, the best way to get plants is by scoring the bark of the limb where you want the roots to grow and covering the injury with sphagnum moss, which must always be kept damp. Roots will soon permeate the moss, when the limb should be cut off and potted.—Garden Magazine.

A Good Record.

Out of all the external remedies on the market we doubt if there is one that has the record of that world-renowned porous plaster—Albion's. It has now been in use for sixty years, and its great work of relieving our pains and aches. It is the remedy we all need when suffering from any form of ache or pain resulting from chilling colds, over-exposure, rheumatism, etc.

Fishes as Barometers.

"In their way," said the old fisherman, "fishes are not such bad weather prophets."

"If a storm is approaching the fish stop biting and they won't bite again until the storm is well over. They appear to know when a storm is coming and when it has really passed."

"And to fishermen and farmers living along the shore, fish foretell the near approach of cold weather. Hours before it comes fishes leave the shallow waters inshore and seek deeper water, which in its depths will stay warm and keep an equable temperature after the shallower and surface waters have turned cold."

"Oh, yes, fishes know a thing or two about the weather."—Washington Post.

HAD TO USE A CANE.

Weakness Kidneys Made an Elwood, Ind., Man's Back Give Out.

R. A. Pugh, transfer business, 2020 North B. street, Elwood, Ind., says: "Kidney trouble kept me laid up for a long time, and when I was able to be up I had to use a cane. I had terrible backaches and pain in the shoulders. The kidney secretions were dark colored. After doctoring in vain, I began using Doan's Kidney Pills. Three boxes cured me entirely, and I am glad to recommend them."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-McMillan Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Save Enough.

"Hear your old minister's gone in for ritualism."

"Yes; he's gone wrong completely."

"Why, how can you say that? He's all right now."—Philadelphia Ledger.



Professor James Laurence Laughlin, who says that if the United States does not enter into a reciprocity treaty with Germany the latter country will declare a prohibitive tariff against American products, has been chief of the department of political economy in the University of Chicago since 1892.

He was born at Deerfield, Ohio, in 1850, was graduated from Harvard in 1873 and since that time has had a notable career as teacher and author. In 1893 he prepared for the government of San Domingo a scheme of monetary reform that subsequently was adopted. Professor Laughlin was a member of the monetary commission appointed by the Indianapolis monetary conference in 1897, and is considered an authority on monetary subjects.

Princeton, Ind., has a preacher who believes in printers' ink. The town has three daily papers and every Saturday Rev. H. G. Otto, pastor of the Christian Church, runs a display "ink" in these papers inviting the people to come and hear his sermon on the following Sabbath. His "ink" was written in an attractive way and Rev. Mr. Otto says his attendance has been greatly increased since he began to use printers' ink. Rev. Mr. Otto says a church has as much right to advertise as anything else and he thinks the time will come when other churches will advertise their wars. In this day and age he thinks a preacher who does not advertise is behind the times.

Rev. Dr. Sheldon Jackson, general agent of the United States in charge of education in Alaska, has had notable success in his mission. The doctor, however, makes a flat denial of the charge that government funds have been diverted toward the support of sectarian missions in Alaska and that he is responsible for the official crookedness. The accusation was made by Frank C. Churchill, a special agent of the Interior Department, who was sent to Alaska to investigate. No one, not even the officials of the government, believes that the doctor—an estimable man—is anything more than the victim of an unfortunate mistake.

Brigadier General John J. Pershing, who attained his new rank from a captaincy by order of President Roosevelt, owes his preference to the soldierly qualities displayed at San Juan and in the campaign in the Philippines. General Pershing jumps over the heads of nearly 1,000 officers who ranked him as captain, which has stirred up quite a fuss in the army.

John W. Yerkes, commissioner of internal revenue, who has issued the department regulations controlling the making and handling of denatured alcohol, is enthusiastic in his predictions of what it will accomplish in the industrial world as an agent of light, heat and power. Mr. Yerkes is preparing a report, especially in field and chemical work, to carry out the new regulations.

An Afro-American Proclamation.

Through Bishop Walters, the national Afro-American council issued a proclamation asking the colored race of America to dedicate Oct. 7 as a day of prayer and fasting. He calls upon them to pray that the country may rid itself of race prejudice—the American heart disease, which only the grace of God can cure. He asks them to pledge to fight every law having for its aim the humiliation of any class of American citizens, because of race, color, creed or previous condition. The proclamation charges that many men of power are using their offices to degrade 10,000,000 American citizens, and that many people are looking on in silence.

Demand of the Bankers.

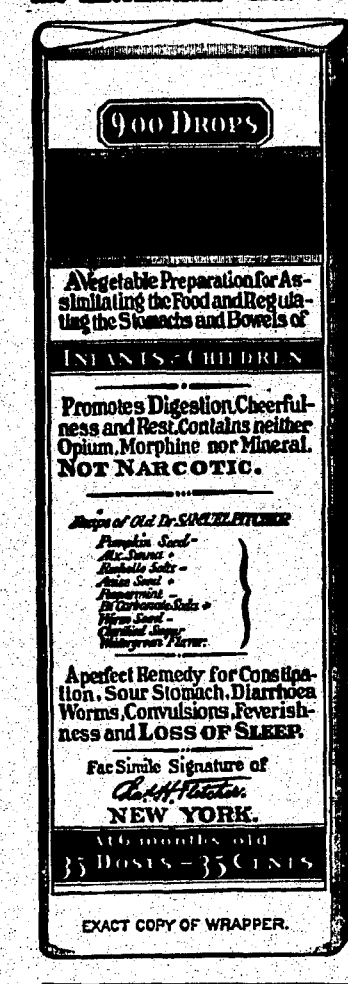
During the thirty-second annual convention of the American Bankers' Association which convened at St. Louis, President Hamilton strongly advocated more rigid examination of the banks and definite salaries for the government inspectors. A resolution to this effect was favored and plans were made to bring the matter to the attention of Congress.

Silk Industry in Oklahoma.

George E. Gardner, who is acknowledged in Oklahoma to be the corn king because of his successful efforts in developing corn-raising in that part of the country, has begun the cultivation of the white mulberry tree, to develop the raw silk industry. Already he has a number of silk worms feeding on the mulberry leaves and at work spinning cocoons, and has submitted samples of the thread to Secretary Wilson.

Physicians Recommend Castoria

CASTORIA has met with pronounced favor on the part of physicians, pharmaceutical societies and medical authorities. It is used by physicians with results most gratifying. The extended use of Castoria is unquestionably the result of three facts: **First**—The indisputable evidence that it is harmless; **Second**—That it not only allays stomach pains and quiets the nerves, but assimilates the food; **Third**—It is an agreeable and perfect substitute for Castor Oil. It is absolutely safe. It does not contain any Opium, Morphine, or other narcotic and does not stupefy. It is unlike Soothing Syrups, Bateman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, etc. This is a good deal for a Medical Journal to say. Our duty, however, is to expose danger and record the means of advancing health. The day for poisoning innocent children through greed or ignorance ought to end. To our knowledge, Castoria is a remedy which produces composure and health, by regulating the system—not by stupefying it—and our readers are entitled to the information.—*Hall's Journal of Health.*



Letters from Prominent Physicians addressed to Chas. H. Fletcher.

Dr. B. Halstead Scott, of Chicago, Ill., says: "I have prescribed your Castoria often for infants during my practice, and find it very satisfactory."

Dr. William Belmont, of Cleveland, Ohio, says: "Your Castoria stands first in my class. In my thirty years of practice I can say I never have found anything that so filled the place."

Dr. J. H. Taft, of Brooklyn, N. Y., says: "I have used your Castoria and found it an excellent remedy in my household and private practice for many years. The formula is excellent."

Dr. R. J. Hamlen, of Detroit, Mich., says: "I prescribe your Castoria extensively, as I have never found anything to equal it for children's troubles. I am aware that there are imitations in the field, but I always see that my patients get Fletcher's."

Dr. Wm. J. McCann, of Omaha, Neb., says: "As the father of thirteen children I certainly know something about your great medicine, and aside from my own family experience I have in my years of practice found Castoria a popular and efficient remedy in almost every home."

Dr. J. R. Clauson, of Philadelphia, Pa., says: "The name that your Castoria has made for itself in the tens of thousands of homes blessed by the presence of children, scarcely needs to be supplemented by the endorsement of the medical profession, but I, for one, most heartily endorse it and believe it an excellent remedy."

Dr. R. M. Ward, of Kansas City, Mo., says: "Physicians generally do not prescribe proprietary preparations, but in the case of Castoria my experience, like that of many other physicians, has taught me to make an exception. I prescribe your Castoria in my practice because I have found it to be a thoroughly reliable remedy for children's complaints. Any physician who has raised a family, as I have, will join me in heartiest recommendation of Castoria."

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One lb. package colors all fabrics. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without trouble. Write for free booklet—New York City, N. Y.

No More Cold Rooms

If you only knew how much comfort can be derived from a PERFECTION Oil Heater—how simple and economical its operation, you would not be without it another day.

You can quickly make warm and cozy any cold room or hallway—no matter in what part of the house. You can heat water, and do many other things with the

PERFECTION Oil Heater

(Equipped with Smokeless Device)

Turn the wick as high or low as you can—there's no danger. Carry heater from room to room. All parts easily cleaned. Gives intense heat without smoke or smell because equipped with smokeless device.

Made in two finishes—nickel and brass. Brass oil front beautifully embossed. Holds 4 quarts of oil and burns 9 hours. Every heater warranted. If you cannot get heater or information from your dealer, write to nearest agency for descriptive circular.

THE Rayo Lamp cannot be equalled for its bright and steady light, simple construction and absolute safety. Equipped with latest improved burner. Made of brass throughout and nickel plated. An ornament to any room whether library, dining-room, parlor or bedroom. Every lamp warranted. Write to nearest agency if not at your dealer's.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY

Armor Plated.

"You say some trusts are worse than others," said the member of the investigating committee. "Will you give me the name of a particularly bad one?"

"Well," answered the witness, "I think the toughest combination I know of is the Nichol-Steel company, limited."

The well-earned reputation and increasing popularity of the Lewis "Singer" Binder, straight B. clear, is due to the maintained high quality and appreciation of the smoker. Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Illinois.

A German mathematician estimates that the average man who lives to be 70 years old consumes \$10,000 worth of food in his life.

At a Banquet held in a room, the walls of which were adorned with many beautiful paintings, was called upon to respond to a toast. In the course of his remarks, wishing to pay a compliment to the ladies present and designating the paintings with one of his characteristic gestures, he said, "What need is there of these painted beauties when we have so many with us at the table?"

The Most Populous Street in the world is said to be that in New York extending from Amsterdam to West End avenue and from 61st street to 62d. Eight thousand seven hundred human beings, or twenty-six millionths, of every race, color, and creed, are huddled together in five or six story tenements.

Boys and Girls who have been rescued from the streets of New York City, and who are now being educated in the orphanage at the State of New York.

Crawford Avalanche.

O. P. M. R. Editor and Proprietor.
RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.
One Year \$1.00
Six Months50
Three Months25
Entered as second-class matter at the Postoffice at Grayling, Mich., under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.
GRAYLING, THURSDAY, NOV. 1.

To Republicans.

We are anxious to have every Republican in close touch, and working in harmony with the Republican National Congressional Committee in favor of the election of a Republican Congress.

The Congressional campaign must be based on the administrative and legislative record of the party, and that being so, Theodore Roosevelt's personality must be a central figure and his achievements a central thought in the campaign.

We desire to maintain the work of this campaign with popular subscriptions of one dollar each from Republicans. To each subscriber we will send the Republican National Campaign Text Book and all documents issued by the committee.

Help us achieve a great victory.
JAMES S. SHERMAN,
Chairman.
P. O. Box 2063, New York

Republican State Ticket.

For Governor—Fred M. Warner.
For Lieutenant Governor—Patrick H. Kelly.
For Secretary of State—George A. Prescott.
For State Treasurer—Frank H. Glazier.
For Auditor General—James B. Bradley.
For State Land Commissioner—William H. Rose.
For Attorney General—John E. Bird.
For Member State Board of Education—Dexter M. Ferry.

Republican County Ticket.

Sheriff—G. F. Owen.
Clerk—J. J. Collen.
Treasurer—A. P. W. Becker.
Register of Deeds—R. W. Brink.
Prosecuting Attorney—O. Palmer.
Circuit Court Com.—O. Palmer.
Surveyor—Bert Newman.
Coroners—C. H. O'Neill.
S. N. Insley.

Democratic State Ticket.

For Governor—Chas. H. Kimmerle, Cassopolis.
For Secretary of State—P. J. Devine, Stanton.
For State Treasurer—Charles Wellman, Port Huron.
For Attorney General—Judge E. J. Doyle, Grand Rapids.
For Superintendent of Public Instruction—Elmer R. Webster, Pontiac.
For Auditor General—John Yuill, Vanderbilt.
For State Land Commissioner—C. L. Sheldon, Bay City.
For State Board of Education—James E. Sullivan, Muskegon.

Democratic County Ticket.

For Sheriff—Chas. W. Amidon.
For Treasurer—William Jorgenson.
For Clerk—Amos Buck.
For Register of Deeds—John Leece.
For Surveyor—Albert E. Newman.
For Coroners—Wright Havens.
Andrew Brown.
No nominations were made for Prosecuting Attorney or Circuit Court Commissioner.

The statement that there is political apathy up in New York State may be true as regards the voters, but with the candidates calling each other all kinds of names we conclude that the apathy doesn't extend to them.

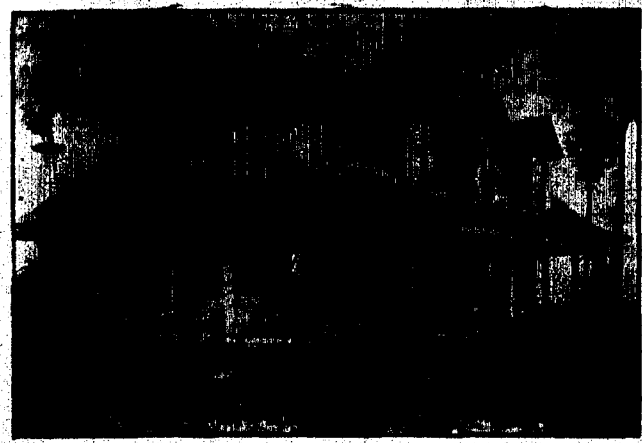
Secretary Medcalf of the Department of Commerce and Labor predicts that the total immigration to the United States this year will be 1,400,000 people, 77 per cent of whom will enter the country by way of New York.

The administration should be deeply concerned at the anti-American feeling prevalent in Japan at the present time. If this feeling should grow to any extent it would work untold harm to commercial power and prestige that the United States has built up in Japan.

The reports that a German firm sent a pair of storks to President Roosevelt as a token of its endorsement of his well-known views on the subject of race suicide, has been taken seriously by many, and a number of visitors who called at the White House to see the birds have been disappointed.

The completion of the English battleship "Dreadnaught" has stirred up the advocates of a large navy for the United States to the highest pitch. A concentrated effort is to be made at the next Congress to have a bill passed providing for one or more battleships even more formidable than the "Dreadnaught."

Now come the users of denatured alcohol and say that after having fought hard and long to have the tax on alcohol removed to make it available as a substitute for the products of the Standard Oil Co., they find that a trust has purchased all the alcohol interests in the country. It looks like a leap from the frying-pan into the fire.



DR. C. F. UNDERHILL. RANCHE HOME. LOVELLS, MICHIGAN, Destroyed by Fire October 28, 1906.

ON Tuesday we went to the Underhill Ranch, near Lovell's, the "Home House" of which was destroyed by fire Sunday about noon. We were cordially welcomed by the Dr. and his wife as ever, their appearance giving no impression of their irreparable loss and meeting them in the boarding house, would make it seem as though they had run in to see what might be needed or to leave instructions for the foreman and men.

After removing the chill given by a two mile ride in the frosty air before the open fire in the grate, we went to the ruins, and the sight has saddened us ever since. There was so much that money can not replace, the gathering of a life time from all climes and countries.

There were scores of vases, gathered from Russia, China and Japan, which the intense heat had fused into useless mass, as it had the cabinet of cut glass.

A grand piano and scullion attachment, with only its steel parts left, and they so twisted as never again to be able to deliver their tuneful sounds.

A French clock over two hundred years old, the case all made of hammered brass, and the works of cut steel, and the castors only, of the solid mahogany, leather covered chairs and lounge.

Where one wall had fallen in the Dr.'s den, lay samples of muskets and rifles, from the old blintlock of the revolution to the modern Krag Jorgenson. Every arm which had been used by our nation in war, with sabers, swords and bayonets, all twisted into useless shape. We found a bracket which

No man is so high as to be above the law, and no man is so low as to be beneath its protection. That principle has been followed in republican legislation and it is being practically carried out in republican administration. Not the slightest consideration has been given to wealth or power or business standing in the enforcement of our state or national laws. The Standard Oil Company has been proceeded against as relentlessly and as successfully as the pettiest law-breaker. There has been no desire to create class prejudice or to cater to vicious sympathies, but there has been an honest desire to serve the best interests of every class, and to advance the welfare of all the people by the enactment of laws providing an equality of opportunity and a fair deal, and to secure their enforcement regardless of opposition and obstruction. Every republican vote cast in Michigan at the coming election will be a registered endorsement of these principles and of that fair-play determination.

There is not a city or village in Michigan in which plans for future upbuilding and future advancement are not being made. There are not many farms or pieces of property in the state for which similar expectations are not possessed. And yet it will not be claimed that one half of these plans for the future would be carried out should a democrat congress be chosen at the coming election. These plans for progress and improvement are based on the continuance of present conditions, of present national policies; on the uninterrupted movement of all business affairs as they are now moving. Every democrat vote cast in Michigan at the coming election will be regarded as a demand for a change from present conditions, for a movement in some new unknown direction. Every republican vote cast in Michigan at the coming election will count as an assurance of stability and of continued right movements in right directions. And that is why Tuesday, November 6, will be an important date to all the people of Michigan.

Mr. Roosevelt has made a record for breaking and making precedents and when he goes out of the Canal Zone a mile and a half to attend the reception planned for him by President Amador of Panama, he will be the first president of the United States to set foot on foreign soil during his term of office.

Edward Everett Hale, the chaplain of the Senate, evidently doesn't take much stock in Dr. Osler's theories on the dire effects of old age. Although in his eight-fifth year, he finds time to conduct a department, in a magazine write a book occasionally, lecture now and then, attend the meetings of the various societies of which he is an active officer, and preaches on Sunday between times.

had supported an elk head, which was shot by Senator Gonong, of Premier, Can. The animal weighed 1900 pounds, and the head as mounted, 200 pounds. The spread of horns was 63 inches, the largest ever exhibited in the United States, for which a premium was given at Boston, and the head mounted, and presented to Dr. Underhill by the senator.

A bear killed on the ranch, soon after the Dr. moved here, was finely mounted entire, and there were many specimens of our native birds.

Besides all these, were the ashes of many fine India Rugs from the Orient and many more from the great northwest, made by our native Indians, Bric-a-brac from Mexico, California and our western coast, and dear to the female heart, were boxes of laces and embroidery, of foreign design and make.

The family clothing, seven sleeping rooms finely furnished, table linen, a grand library, and all the paintings are in the ashes, besides the beautiful roomy house.

The sight of the ruin, and the thoughts it gave, with the blighting wind had chilled us quite, but the fire and the hearty talk of host and hostess made us warm again, and we looked over the barn and part of the stock and the great bell called to dinner, after which we were driven to our return train.

Just before noon a team came from the woods drawing a load of logs, which with others being cut will be saved into lumber on the place, for a new home which will be erected, and in which we wish many years of peace and enjoyment.

Be Kinder to the Living.

Some day my toil will all be done.
Some day my life be o'er;
Some day my name forgotten be,
And I be seen no more.

Ah, then, when I shall ne'er again
Have need of friend or neighbor,
When few shall be my last demands
On this or that one's labor,

When past life's pleasures and life's pain,
Forever done with sighing,
How much enhanced my name will be
Alas, by only dying.

Then lips that gave to me no praise
Will tell my good deeds over,
And eyes that once my faults could see
Will no defects discover.

Then hands that would not smooth my way,
Or brighten life while living,
Will scatter flowers above me then,
Their words of kindness giving.

But I shall be beyond their reach,
My eyes sealed with death's blindness,
Not knowing and not caring then
For praise or living kindness.

Those flowers that might my weary way
Have brightened with their bloom,
Can only wither as they lie
Above me on the tomb.

Dear friends, perhaps both you and I
While life is yet worth living
Could learn this useful lesson now—
Be kinder to the living.

And if, perchance, we see a friend
Bowed down with toil or care,
Don't wait till death has claimed its own,
Those burdens hard to share.

'Tis easy to be kind to all
When death has claimed a brother,
And easy then to understand
Our duty to each other.

But it were best for you and me
Ere love is past forgiving,
To learn this helpful lesson now—
Be kinder to the living.

—Mrs. Ella Harris, in Present Truth.

Where Mammon Rules.
"Money" is the basis of more talk
In New York city than any other
dozen subjects. During one hour in
a car, on the street, in two shops
and one office 73 conversations, and 64
of them involving money, were counted.

Slum Child's Handicap.
The English vocabulary of a slum
child of five, according to a Scottish
school inspector, contains only two
or three dozen words. That of the average
child of the middle classes of the
same age is about 1,000 words.

No Escape.
The London Lancet points out that
since it costs more to train a doctor
nowadays fees should be higher. Al-
ready overburdened by the cost of
living, we are threatened with an in-
crease in the cost of dying.

NOTICE.

To Gottfried Buchholz and Louisa Buchholz, and to the owner or owners of any and all interests in the lands herein described and to the mortgagee or mortgagees, named in all undischarged records of mortgages against said land or any assignee thereof record:

Take Notice, That sale has been lawfully made of the following described land for unpaid taxes thereon, and that the undersigned has title thereto under tax deed issued therefor, and that you are entitled to a reconveyance thereof at any time within six months after service upon you of this notice, upon payment to the undersigned or to the register in chancery of the county in which the land lies, of all sums paid upon such purchases, together with one hundred per cent, additional thereto, and the fees of the Sheriff for the service or cost of publication of this notice, to be computed as upon personal service of a declaration as commencement of suit, and the further sum of five dollars for each description, without other additions, costs or charges. If payment as aforesaid is not made, the undersigned will institute proceedings for possession of the land. Situated in Crawford County, State of Michigan.

Description Sec. Town Range Amt pd for year
SW 1/4 of NE 1/4 31 25 N2W 1896
" " " " " 1897
" " " " " 1898
" " " " " 1900
" " " " " 1901
" " " " " 1902
" " " " " 1903
" " " " " 1904
" " " " " 1905
100 per cent additional \$44.52
One description 5.00
Sheriff fees 2.00

Necessary to redeem \$96.00

Yours Respectfully,
ALEXANDER TYRELL.

Place of business, Roscommon, Roscommon county, Michigan.

Dated October 4th, A. D. 1906.

State of Michigan, ss
County of Wayne, ss

I do hereby certify and return that, after careful enquiry I have been unable to ascertain the whereabouts or post office address of Gottfried Buchholz and Louisa Buchholz, the Grantees named in the last recorded deed of the lands described in the within Notice.

Dated Detroit, Mich., Oct. 17th, 1906.

JAMES D. BURNS, Sheriff.

By MAX DEPROSSE, Deputy Sheriff.

Whooping Cough . . . CROUP . . . COLDS

That dread disease positively cured. . . quickly relieved. Parents, why suffer anxiety, when a remedy is at hand? Ask for Dr. Cowle's SPECIFIC.

Sold only by Lucien Fournier, Drug-gist. 50 cts. aug31-3m

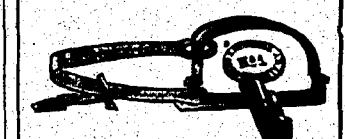
The City Livery Sale & Feed Stable

Geo. Langevin, Prop.



First Class Rigs. Reasonable prices. Special Attention to the Sporting trade

ONEIDA COMMUNITY TRAPS



The NEWHOUSE TRAP is the best in the world. It is a perfect machine. Hand-fitted! Thoroughly inspected and tested!

The VICTOR TRAP is the only reliable low-priced trap. Don't buy cheap imitations. Be sure the Trap Pan reads as follows:



ASK ANY TRAPPER

THE TRAPPER'S GUIDE
Send 25 cents for the "Trapper's Guide" with full list of traps and shooting game. Send to Dept. A, Oneida Community, Ltd., Oneida, N. Y.

HUNTER-TRADER-TRAPPER
The only magazine devoted to the interests of the trapper. Send to Dept. A, Oneida Community, Ltd., Oneida, N. Y.

Advice to Shooters.
By confining your hunting to birds on the wing you may be sure to avoid the embarrassing experience of killing a fellow-hunter under the mistaken impression he may be a pin-tail grouse. —Butte-Inter-Mountain.

Ruler's Costly Offering.
The cabala or sacred song of Mecca is recovered every year with dampak sent by the sultan or khedive. A single covering has on occasion cost \$75,000.

Moral: Keep Hunting.
The dog in the kennel barks at his fleas; the dog that hunts does not feel them.

Poor Investment.
Many there be who buy nothing with their money but repurchase.

LOOK HERE!

Andrew Peterson's JEWELRY STORE

is the place to bring watch repairing etc. You listen:

40 Years at the Bench

is my experience, and all my work is guaranteed to give entire satisfaction.

I Found a Thing to do, and I did it, and have been doing it ever since, that was, and is making a square deal with square people, and I am still at the same business.

Do You Know

that I have the most complete stock of Jewelry, Cut Glass and Silverware in the city, and fine Chinaware to order.

We Invite

the most thorough investigation and critical inspection and test of superiority on our

Hamilton,

Ball's Official R. R.

Waltham and

Elgin

Movements,

in a Fahy's, Boss, Crown or Crescent case. Twenty or Twenty-five year guarantee.

Bring in your repair work, as repairing is a specialty of mine.

Andrew Peterson.

DR. ANDREW B. SPINNEY

PROPRIETOR OF

REED CITY SANITARIUM

THE OLD RELIABLE SPECIALIST

DO YOU WANT FREE CONSULTATION AND CORRECT OPINION OF YOUR CASE.

If you are poor your treatment is free. If you are discouraged and we can cure you, we will wait for your pay until you are well. Come and see us; this is your last chance.

We live to do good, are honest with all. Forty-five years' experience free. This trip and today only.

The above is the picture of the only Dr. A. B. Spinney in this state. His history is as follows: Fifteen years in private practice, two of these in East Saginaw, Mich., with as large a practice as any physician then had. Two years professor of Detroit, Michigan College and twenty-two years in Detroit. Had charge of Alma Sanitarium eighteen months; Ypsilanti one year; and for the past seven years has owned a sanitarium at Reed City. On December 13, 1902, his sanitarium was burned, less fixtures, about \$10,000; but in forty-eight hours he had bought another and is in good shape for business again. He will rebuild in the spring.

There is a firm in Detroit calling themselves Spinney & Co., but the founder of the same has been dead for over two years, and they have no right to the name of Spinney. We are coming to your town on date and at place mentioned, and are willing to give you our time and the benefit of our forty-five years' experience, free.

It matters not how long you have been sick, or what your ailment, our consultation and advice is free, and our opinions are always the result of careful examination and a life long experience. The patient is always told the truth and upon just what he can rely. To all who are poor we give treatment absolutely free, only charging cost of medicines. Operations at hospital free, only requiring exact cost of board while patient is recovering. Any person suffering from PILES or any curable disease we will wait for our pay until cured, if you will secure us.

Have you been sick for years and are you discouraged? Come to us for the cure you want. Our prices are the lowest of any chronic disease specialists in the state. Charges at the sanitarium only actual cost. We treat all forms of chronic diseases, but special attention is given to the treatment of the following long standing diseases: Catarrh, Gonorrhea, Polypus, Mucous and Toleric Diseases of the Throat, Foreign Growths in the Larynx, Laryngitis, Bronchitis, General Debility, Consumption, Spitting of Blood, Loss of Voice, Enlarged Tonsils, Insipient Consumption, Asthma, Diseases of the Heart, General Debility, Diseases Peculiar to Women, Neurasthenia and all forms of Nervous Diseases. Hip Disease, Sciatica, Blood and Skin Diseases, Surgical Diseases of all forms, the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, including Deafness, Club Feet, Strabismus, Tumors, Hare Lips, etc.; also Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Diarrhea and all forms of Liver, stomach and intestinal diseases. Remarkable Cures. Perfected in old cases which have been neglected or unskillfully treated. No experiments or failures. Parties treated by mail or express, but personal consultation is preferred.

Remember Date of visit. Come early as parties are always crowded. A friendly call may save you future suffering. It has made life anew to thousands who have been pronounced beyond hope. Bring sample of your urine, for examination. Address all mail to

REED CITY SANITARIUM
REED CITY, MICHIGAN.
Dr. A. B. Spinney will be at the Depot Hotel Friday, Nov. 2d, from 2 to 9 o'clock, in the afternoon. Consultation free.

Probate Notice.
STATE OF MICHIGAN,
The Probate Court for the County of Crawford.

At a session of said Court, held at the Probate Office in the Village of Grayling in said County, on the 2nd day of October, A. D. 1906.

Present: Hon. Wellington Batterson, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Henry J. Youngs deceased.

Harriet Young having filed in said court her petition praying that the administration of said estate be granted to John J. Higgins of the Village of Frederic or some other suitable person.

It is ordered, that the 29th day of October, A. D. 1906, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition.

It is further ordered, That public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order, for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the CRAWFORD AVANCEMENT newspaper printed and circulated in said county.

WELLINGTON BATTERSON,
Judge of Probate.

1878. 1906.

The Pioneer Store

With you for over a quarter of a Century.

FIRST CLASS GOODS!

RIGHT PRICES!

Always Our Motto.

We are headquarters for

Groceries & Provisions,

DRY GOODS, FURNISHING GOODS,

SHOES, HARDWARE,

FLOUR, FEED,

LOGS, LUMBER, SHINGLES,

BUILDING MATERIAL OF EVERY KIND.

Farm Produce

BOUGHT AT HIGHEST MARKET PRICE.

Salling, Hanson Co.

Do You Know Why

our business is increasing every season?

LET US TELL YOU.

We sell the best goods for the least money.

The character of a store is what determines its position among competitors. There's an ambition to excel in quality that has given this store a distinguished, recognized character as the one place where Ladies' can find the most effective styles in Ladies' Dress Goods for Fall Suits and Gowns, a multitude of designs at popular prices. New Fall Styles in Men's, Youths' and children suits.

SHOES.

We have a complete line of Men's and Ladies' fall shoes. Men's Dress Shoes, all styles, all leather \$1.75 to \$4.00. Ladies' Fine Shoe for fall wear \$1.50 to \$3.50.

We are headquarters for light and heavy rubbers. Our Rubbers are now on sale at the lowest possible prices.

A. KRAUS & SON,

Leading One Price Store,

Combination Offer.

The best Home and Fashion Magazine published for 50c a year.

New Idea Woman's Magazine

It contains over 100 pages each month of Current Fashions, Economy Articles, Household Advice, Dressmaking and Millinery, Short Stories, etc., beautifully illustrated, with half-tone and color plates.

By special arrangement with the publishers we make the following offer:

The Crawford Avalanche, Price \$1.00

The New Idea Women's Magazine soc,

Both one year for \$1.40.

Sample Copies free.

Job Printing

Promptly and neatly done.

At this office.

Crawford Avalanche.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, NOV. 1

Local and Neighboring News.

Take Notice.

The date following your address on this paper shows to what time your subscription is paid. Our terms are one dollar per year IN ADVANCE. If your time is up, please renew promptly. A X following your name means we want our money.

All advertisements, communications, correspondence, etc., must reach us by Tuesday noon, and can not be considered later.

Ask the man at Sorenson's.

Ask the man at Sorenson's.

Next week we will tell you who is elected.

New goods arriving every week. Call again. C. J. HATHAWAY.

WANTED—To rent a medium sized house. Enquire at this office.

A good horse for sale. Worth the money. Enquire at this office.

Don't forget Sorenson's ad this week.

Fine watch repairing done at Hathaway's.

Go to the opera house tomorrow evening and see "our girls" wallup the team from East Jordan at basketball.

Cold Breakers will cure your cold, try it. For sale at Fournier's Drug Store.

Now is the time to look after Xmas presents. Hathaway has them.

Let every citizen perform his full duty at the polls next Tuesday. The first duty is to go to the polls and vote.

Uncle Dan Waldron's friends helped him celebrate the 77th anniversary of his birth last Saturday. May he live to celebrate many more.

Go to C. J. Hathaway for scientific optical work. Eyes examined free.

The Grayling Basket Ball Girls will play East Jordan Friday evening Nov. 2nd, at the opera house. 15c for children, 25c for adults.

Rings of all descriptions sizes and shapes at Anderson's jewelry store.

Dr. and Mr. C. C. Weacott and the boy have returned from a delightful outing with friends in Ohio, and in Detroit and other cities in this state.

Fine Sterling Souvenir spoons can be had at A. Peterson's Jewelry Store.

For sewing machines, the best in the market, and at the lowest price, call at the AVALANCHE office.

WANTED—Plain sewing. Kindly leave word at this office. MRS. J. L. HANNES.

It is expected that Rev. Mr. Todd, of Bay City, will be here before long to hold a series of meetings in the Presbyterian church. The exact date will be noticed later.

Get your jewelry work and watch repairing done at A. Peterson's jewelry store.

The Ladies Union of the Presbyterian church will meet with Mrs. Philmeier, Friday, Nov. 2nd at 2 o'clock. The Ladies of the congregation are invited to attend.

A good six year old cow for sale, will give milk all winter. F. O. PECK.

The Bride's choice now a days is a handsome piece of cut glass, get it at Andrew Peterson's Jewelry Store.

F. P. and Chas. I. Richardson were in town yesterday. They are marketing their fine crop of potatoes, not so many as they expected, a little more than the average in the County.

By all means, get the best for the money. You'll find it at Andrew Peterson's Jewelry Store.

Leave your orders for chickens for your Sunday's dinner at Pym Bro's Market. They will be ready for delivery Saturday.

Michigan State Sunday School Convention, Jackson, Mich. Nov. 12, 13 & 14. Limit for return Nov. 19th. Fare \$5.36 Return ticket. L. HERRICK.

Stop just a moment! I want to call your attention to my latest assortment of Souvenir spoons. Call in and see them. ANDREW PETERSON.

Dressed Chickens at Pym Bro's Market for Sunday's dinner, will be ready for delivery Saturday afternoon. Leave your orders.

Michigan State Teachers' Association. Battle Creek, Michigan. Oct. 25-27. Date of sale Oct. 24, 25 & 26. Return limit Oct. 28 Fare \$5.70 Return ticket. L. HERRICK.

Geo. Mahon closed up his shop for the present, last Monday and on Tuesday started for Ann Arbor where he will enter a law class to complete his studies in the profession, so as to be admitted to the bar.

FOR SALE ON TRADE I have two horses that I will trade for a mare not over eight years old, or for cows and heifers. These horses can be seen at my farm in Beaver Creek. W. A. MONTGOMERY.

John B. Carter returned Monday from a trip to Preston, Iowa, bringing with him his aged mother who will spend her declining years with him. Mrs. Carter was 81 Monday, and John had not seen her since the war. The meeting of mother and son was a pathetic, but yet a joyful one.—Roscommon News.

A letter from W. B. Covert, now at Lead, S. Dakota, reports two feet of snow on Oct. 21st.

Lars Urolin had another streak of luck last week in the loss of three fingers by a saw in the mill.

Dr. Underhill has probably 3000 bushels of potatoes yet to dig. Frost has touched them a little so they're quite careful assorting.

A hunter for bear accidentally killed a man near Tawas, last week, and is awaiting trial under the law enacted especially for that crime.

Geo. Olson is suffering from a fracture of his collar bone, received in a practice game of football. A fool game as being played, and dangerous.

Mrs. S. N. Snelling has moved her millinery and dress-making shop 1 1/2 block south of the post office. All prices low on millinery goods.

At a meeting of the Rosford district Pomona held at Roscommon Oct. 27, Brother and Sister Fred L. Delemater were elected delegates to the State Grange.

Jas. Burton of Beaver Creek brought in a sample of his Parsnips, which measured over four inches in diameter and over two feet in length. A dozen would make a meal for an ordinary family.

Everybody will want to see Governor Warner, tomorrow. He will be met at the depot, and escorted to the opera house by the committee, led by the "Best Band," where all can hear and see him. Let us give him a royal welcome.

Word was received here Monday morning that the large dwelling on the Underhill Ranch near Lovells was entirely consumed Sunday about noon, with all its contents. Loss \$9,000.00 with only \$3,000.00 insurance.

There will be a republican rally at the Town Hall in Frederic, Saturday evening, and at the opera house in this village Monday evening. Both meetings will be addressed by Hon. C. T. Newkirk of Bay City. Everybody come.

The School Board have just installed a fire alarm in every room. Yesterday they gave the pupils their first unexpected alarm, and in a minute and a half every child was in line outside with no rush or excitement. Drill and discipline is of untold benefit.

Next to the liberal advertiser and the cash-in-advance subscriber, an editor's best friend is the person who furnishes him suitable news items. Tell us any thing you know in the way of local happenings worth communicating to the public. Don't take it for granted that we'll find out everything anyhow.

Eugene B. Thayer, now a prosperous merchant of Absaroka, Montana made us a pleasant minute's call Monday enroute to his home from southern Michigan where he has been visiting with his wife. He will be remembered by our older citizens as a school-boy, and a general favorite, living with his parents where Henry Truman now resides.

Ninety years ago was the year without a summer. Not many of our citizens remember it but history tells that in 1816 frost occurred every month in the year. Ice formed more than an inch thick in May. Snow fell to a depth of three inches in June. Ice formed the thickness of window panes in New York on 5th of July. The corn crop never matured. Seed corn for 1817 was of the crop of 1815.

The Greening Nursery Co. Monroe, Mich., one of the largest nursery concerns in the United States, write us that they want a good live agent in this section to solicit orders for their trees, shrubbery etc. Experience not necessary. They offer good pay weekly, and furnish canvassing outfit free. We advise any man or woman in our community, who has some spare time to take orders to write them for particulars immediately. Mention this paper when writing.

It is only 28 years since the telephone was invented yet today it is such a universal necessity that the Bell company alone during the past year had 5,698,000 telephones in use, requiring an average of a little over one mile of wire each or 6,043,000 miles. Over this network of wire 4,466,500,000 conversations took place between the people of 33,000 cities, towns, villages and hamlets. Over 87,000 people are employed by the Bell company alone, and it is estimated that 300,000 people look to the telephone for their daily bread. And all this has come about in 28 years.

M. E. Church.

The new pastor, Rev. E. W. Frazee, was pastor at Menominee, Mich., seven years, and two years ago, on account of bronchial and throat affliction, sought the warmer climate of the West Indies, and built and was pastor of the American church on the Isle of Pines near Cuba.

Having regained his health he returned to Mich. and at the last session of the Detroit Conference, was appointed to Grayling.

The services next Sunday will be of a special character. In the morning there will be a sermon to the "Old People," the subject being, "The Shady Side of Fifty." The pastor himself is sixty-five, but says he is on the "Sunny Side."

In the evening there will be a political sermon appropriate to the election next Tuesday. Subject "The American Ballot, a Scepter in the hand of a King." A cordial invitation is extended to all. Business men and politicians will be interested.

Lewis Niles, who for some time has been conducting a cigar factory in Grayling, has purchased the J. Frederickson property on Center street and has moved here for the purpose of starting a similar industry. He is having the building formerly used by Mr. Frederickson as a carpenter's shop remodeled to accommodate his cigar factory and will soon begin making several brands of cigars that have found favor among smokers in this section of Michigan. His many friends are wishing him a full measure of success.—Times. Mr. Niles had made many friends here, as well as true cigars. He moves to Grayling not entirely for business reasons, but to be near the parental homes of both his wife and himself.

The National Child Labor Committee, of which President Roosevelt is an honorary member, announces a union of forces with the Anti Child Slavery League, an organization formed by the Woman's Home Companion for the express purpose of supplementing existing reform work with the wide-spread publicity absolutely essential to every successful reform movement. The Woman's Home Companion will continue its active campaign of publicity in the interests of child labor reform. Beginning with the January number a department of official notes, brief articles and items of interest relating to the campaign in all parts of the country will be published each month by the National Committee in the Woman's Home Companion.

Presbyterian Church.

Sabbath, Nov. 4th.
10.30 a. m. Preaching, Subject—"Hesitating to undertake Work for Christ."
11.30 a. m. Sabbath School.
6 p. m. C. E. Meeting.
7 p. m. Preaching, Subject—"Ruth's Choice."
7 p m Wednesday evening, midweek prayer meeting.
You are very cordially invited to be present at all these services.

Frederic School Notes.

No truants in Frederic. A few irregular in attendance.
Spelling classes on the rise. Last month's reports show Mamie Jendron, Nettie Cameron, and Don Louis's spelling blanks with 500 words perfect.
Ninth and Tenth grades are studying Grecian History.
The Intermediate Department enjoy the drawing lessons very much indeed.
The Primary room is full of little tots from the Kindergarten to the Second grade.
The Grammar room had to have new seats placed for additional pupils.

Lovell's Locals

J. E. Kellogg was doing business here Saturday.
Mr. Joseph Douglas has his house up and the sheeting on.
Mr. Walmer Jorgenson of Grayling was passing the cigars around Saturday.
Mr. John Everett of Grayling, is shaking the saw and swinging the hammer on the new store house.
Geo. F. Owen, republican nominee for sheriff was in town Friday.
Chas. W. Amidon of Grayling was shaking hands and passing the cigars Saturday.
Sunday about 12 o'clock Dr. Underhill's beautiful residence, and its contents was entirely consumed by fire. DAN.

Neely Hollow Happenings.

Are we welcome? (yes.)
How warm the fire seems lately! No doubt it is.
There are only four scholars in school now; the Lebrash family having moved to town.
Arthur Dixon made his usual trip to Cheney Sunday. What's the attraction, Arthur?
This is fine weather to butcher, and Albert Boddy is taking advantage of it.
Misses Mary Smith and Nettie Boddy drove to Grayling Tuesday evening. There's nothing like knowing how.
M. J. Little holds the honor of conveying the teacher to her destination Monday morning.
Bright-eyed Susan.

The Pilgrim

A Magazine for the Home

It is a beauty from the attractive colored cover to the last page—no magazine is more generously illustrated—none has better short stories.
The Pilgrim is an all-round monthly magazine—made for the whole family—father, mother, sister, brother and the little folks. There are household departments, fashions, the quiet hour, wit and humor, woman's club corner, success page, etc., etc.—and it is all yours for the cover.
These are its subscribers—old ones that pay in advance and new ones:
The price of The Pilgrim is \$1.00. The price of The Avalanche is \$1.00. Total \$2.00.
We will furnish both for \$1.50 per year.



CONNINE & CO.

DON'T FORGET

The High Grade Bargains we are now offering in our Perfume Line. These are not Cheap Perfumes, but good strong scented and lasting adors.

It is now sold at a price, so low, that no one need be without it.

25 cents worth for 10 cents.

GET IT TODAY!

Sorenson's Furniture Store.

Drugs. Patent Medicines.

THE Central Drug Store

N. J. OLSON PROPRIETOR

"The Best Drugs."

TOOTH BRUSH TALK.

For 25 cents we will sell you a guaranteed tooth brush, so that if the brushes come out or break, you can return it and get another one FREE.

We also have in stock, all the popular and leading dentifrices. Come in and look them over. We feel that it would be to your advantage to do so.

Bring us your Family Receipts. Prescription Work a Specialty.

J. A. MORRISON, Manager.

Candy. Cigars.

COFFEE STRENGTH PRESERVED

By Air-Tight Packages—Do Not Buy Loose Bulk Coffee.

Coffee that is sold in bulk loses its aroma, flavor and strength. Dust and dirt settle on it, and its purity is impaired. People should buy coffee only in air-tight packages.

The prudent housewife is interested in procuring for the household at all times a delicious, fragrant beverage. She should try one of these popular brands of coffee:

"Bancroft House," put up in one and two-pound air-tight cans, one pound 40 cents, two pounds 75 cents.
"Mo-Ka," put up in one-pound air-tight packages at a popular price.
These brands are the very best that can be produced. They are all selected pure coffee, cleaned and roasted in a special manner, and are all packed in air-tight packages, thus preserving their full strength, freshness and flavor, and preventing the addition of dust and dirt, etc., to the coffee. These are important considerations to the thoughtful and careful housewife, which she will fully appreciate.

The brands are all ideal blends of the purest coffees, selected carefully with reference to their drinking qualities, and each produces a pure, wholesome and delicious beverage.
They are put up by The Smart & Fox Co., wholesale grocers and coffee roasters, Saginaw, Mich. A single trial of "Bancroft House" or "Mo-Ka" Coffee, as taste or custom may indicate, will convince all that the well-known reputation of this house is behind the guaranty of uniform excellence and that the superior quality of these coffees fully bears out all that can be said in their favor.

The dealers have some new souvenir postal cards, bearing neat views of Portage Lake.

The hunting season is almost here and the chance to get a first class Marlin rifle, 44 caliber is now cheap for cash or will trade for hardwood. Enquire at this office.

The 47th annual meeting of the Michigan State Sunday School Association will be held in the First Methodist church, Jackson, Mich., on Nov. 13, 14 and 15, 1905. Speakers and Singers of national reputation are on the program and one of the best meetings ever held is anticipated.

Everyone knows how nutritious and appetizing the peanut is. Made in the form of a peanut butter it is delicious for everyday use.

BEECH-NUT PEANUT BUTTER

is different from other kinds because it is made from the finest peanuts, in the "Beech-Nut" way. You should always have it in the house for luncheons, picnics, and outings for it makes a very delicious sandwich. Better order a trial jar.

FALL AND WINTER WEARABLE.

After months of diligent search we have completed our fall purchases. Goods have been arriving the last six weeks, and from time to time we have been able to give you a glimpse of the many new lines that we will carry during the coming season. Our stock is complete and we cordially invite you to call and inspect goods and prices.

Without indulging in self praise, we feel that this year we can serve you better than ever before—better goods, larger assortment, more novelties—and in spite of the raising market, at practically the same prices as prevailed last year.

Whether you are ready to buy or not, we want you to know what you can buy at our store and what you have to pay.

Everything in Ready-to-wear Garments for Men, Women and Children.

Grayling Mercantile Co.,

White Pine and Red Spruce Expectorant.

Our White Pine and Red Spruce Expectorant is without doubt the most effectual remedy on the market for coughs, colds and whooping cough. Every bottle guaranteed or money refunded. Beware of imitations. The genuine can be bought only at

Fournier's Drug Store.

Lucien Fournier, Proprietor.

Thirty years experience in compounding drugs.

I HAVE THEM

WATCHES

ELGIN, WALTHAM, HAMILTON OR HAMPTON.

All sizes in Gold, Crescent, Crown or Ducler cases.

THE HAMILTON R. R. WATCH, THE BEST, 17 or 19 JEWELS.

A complete line of Fobs, Chains, Pins, Buckles, Rings, Silverware, Clocks, Hand Painted China, everything. Prices right, a call will convince you.

Optical work a specialty: a fit guaranteed. Watch repairing promptly attended to. Do not mistake the place, across from the Post Office.

C. J. HATHAWAY,

Graduate Optician, Watchmaker and Jeweler.

In Roscommon every other Wednesday until 1:45 p. m.

ROYAL Baking Powder Absolutely Pure

A wholesome cream of tartar baking powder. Makes the finest, lightest, best flavored biscuit, hot-breads, cake and pastry.

Alum and alum-phosphate powders are injurious. Do not use them. Examine the label.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

The Avalanche

O. PALMER, Publisher.
SEATTLE, WASH., MONDAY.

MORSE IS OCEAN KING.

ACQUIRES MALLORY LINE OF COASTWISE STEAMSHIPS.

New York Financier Said to Aim at Formation of \$20,000,000 Company—Three Men Admit Murder in Oklahoma.

A \$20,000,000 trust of coast shipping companies is said to be on the eve of completion by Charles W. Morse, who has acquired the Mallory Steamship Company, operating a line of steamers between New York and the Gulf of Mexico through a deal involving \$8,500,000. Mr. Morse already owns three large companies and a number of small ones and it is declared that he will organize a holding company for all of the enterprises, which will have a capitalization of \$20,000,000. The principal companies he dominates are the Clyde Steamship Company, the Eastern Steamship Company and the Metropolitan Steamship Company. Henry and Robert Mallory will continue with the Mallory company under the new management. The Mallory line runs between New York and Brunswick, Ga., Key West and Tampa, Fla., and Galveston, Texas. The Morse interests propose to increase the efficiency of the Mallory line by adding to its complement of ships. Mr. Morse also controls the Eastern Steamship Company, which operates steamships between New York and New England ports. The People's line, which operates between New York City and Albany, also under his control in addition to the Citizens' line, which has a line of vessels from New York to Troy.

WITNESSES ADMIT MURDER.

Called to Testify in Case, They Confess They Killed Aged Man.

Called as witnesses at the inquest in Guthrie, Okla., of an aged man who was found murdered, three men confessed that they themselves had killed the victim. Robbery was their motive. The man was found dead and robbed near Renfrew and the men, who had been in the vicinity, were summoned. When they saw their victim's body in a morgue, where the inquest was held, they were overcome and admitted they committed the murder. The trio, who gave their names as Karl, Rader and Matthews, were handcuffed and taken to jail.

INDIAN LANDS ARE RAIDED.

Rules for Opening Walker Reservation Are Discarded Entirely.

That little attention is to be paid to the rules in regard to opening the Walker Indian reservation near Thorne, Nev., at least on the southern and eastern boundaries, was evidenced the other day when white pack trains started for the interior of the coveted country. It was impossible for the Indian police to keep efficient watch on the miles and miles of boundary lines and as a result hundreds of daring men bent on securing favorable locations eluded the authorities.

WIFE DESERTION IS GROWING.

County Board President Favors Penitentiary Sentences.

Wife abandonment has increased nearly 100 per cent within the last three years, according to figures prepared by President E. J. Brundage of the county board of Cook county, Ill. In 1902, 257 deserted wives applied to the county agent for relief, while in 1905 939 asked help. The cost of assisting these women and their children for 1905 was \$14,126. Mr. Brundage thinks penitentiary sentences would be a cure.

Eleven Saved in Hotel Fire.

Eleven persons were rescued in a fire in the upper rooms of the Palm Hotel in Columbus, Ohio. The blaze cut off the guests from escape by the stairways. Firemen placed ladders and carried half-drowned men, women and children down in their night clothes.

Girl in Cab Fatally Shot.

Laura Osten of East Orange, N. J., 23 years of age, was shot and it is believed mortally wounded while riding in a cab with Louis R. Brown on Broadway, New York. Both are members of prominent families.

Rob Government Cashier.

A band of revolutionists in St. Petersburg attacked a government cashier, who was going in a carriage from a subterranean with \$300,000, and after a battle got away with part of the money.

News of Death of Son Killed.

When James Gunn, aged 86 years, in Bellefontaine, Ohio, was notified of the death of his son, Dayton Gunn, in Centerville, Iowa, he fell back upon his pillow and died.

Much Wreckage Washed Ashore.

A tragedy at sea is indicated by the fact that more than 400 life preservers and other wreckage have been washed ashore near Cape Hatteras.

Wreck Illinois Bank.

Safe burglars wrecked the Bank of Olin, Ill., fought off a posse of citizens and escaped with most of the bank's funds.

Invalidated on Technicality.

A New York court has invalidated practically all the Democratic and Hearst league nominations for Congress and the Legislature on technical grounds.

Marlboroughs Live Apart.

King Edward's mediation fails to heal the breach between the Duke and Duchess of Marlborough, the duchess remaining dead to his pleas, and they will remain apart, the duke receiving \$100,000 a year from his wife and relinquishing the children.

Oklahoma's Governor Exonerated.

The President has received the report of a committee recently sent to Oklahoma to investigate charges preferred against Gov. Frantz of that territory. The report completely exonerates the Governor.

Many Passengers Drowned.

Three trolley cars on the Pennsylvania Railroad plunged from a drawbridge into the Thoroughfare, an arm of the sea, and several were drowned, with many more injured fatally. The accident happened on the way from Camden, N. J., to Atlantic City and was caused by a defective rail.

Will Dominate Plate Mill.

Finding profits in the manufacture of armor plate are small since expense of the huge profits formerly enjoyed caused a reduction in the price, the steel combine will dominate its plant at Homestead, Pa., and retire in that business.

FARMERS TO RAISE PRICES.

Co-operative Congress Plans for Increase on All Farm Products.

The Farmers' Co-operative Business Congress, with a large attendance of delegates from the Western and Southern States, met in Topeka, Kan., C. W. Peckham of Iliac, Kan., president of the Farmers' Elevator Association of Kansas, speaking of the congress, said: "Our purpose in calling this kind of a meeting is to more closely unite the agricultural interests of the West and South. It is not our intention to organize a trust of the farmers. It has been said we propose to increase the price of wheat a stated amount. This we intend to do, but not by organizing and demanding that the consumers pay that for our produce. If we can sell our products to the Southern association at a higher price than we receive from the middlemen, and can enable the Southern producers to hold their produce, we will work out a plan whereby the price of farm products will naturally rise higher." B. Barrett of Atterbury, Ga., president of the National Farmers' Union, in an address said: "In the South we have raised the price of cotton to 11 cents. We have built warehouses and hold our cotton till the price is right. We give our own cotton, and have cotton mills, woolen mills and canneries, all owned by the farmers. The farmers in the North can do the same with their crops."

BANDITS TERRORIZE TOWN.

Some Guard the Streets While Others Dynamite Banks. A band of desperadoes is terrorizing the village of Shipshewana, Ind., and dynamited the vault in the Shipshewana bank. Three of the men entered the bank, which was near the bank and tied each to a chair. Joseph Weyrich and Arthur Haezinger, farmers, who were putting up their horses, were bound hand and foot and left on the floor. Meanwhile the other three men gave their attention to the streets leading to the bank. One man was then detailed to look after the bank, while the others proceeded to the bank. Entrance was effected and the vault door was blown open. Only a small amount of money was secured because the screw-screw, in which the greater part of the bank funds were placed, withstood all efforts of the burglars, although nitroglycerin was used. The robbers then made their escape on a lumber on the Erie Creek branch of the Lake Shore railway. They were pursued by a posse, but they abandoned the handcar before reaching Goshen and there, all trace was lost.

CHILDREN SEE FATHER SHOT.

Hugo, I. T., Man Assassinated in Presence of His Family.

Short of Hugo, I. T., was assassinated in the latter part of the night, being shot through the window of his home in the presence of his wife and three children. The weapon used was a shotgun loaded with buckshot and the charge was fired at close range. K. C. Adams was arrested by the federal authorities on suspicion of having committed the crime. Adams came ten months ago from Arkansas and lived next door to the Short residence. Hugo Adams was together interested in a meat market in Hugo until a short time ago, when they dissolved partnership and had some trouble over the settlement, but the difference was not considered serious. When bloodhounds were started from the Short residence they repeatedly went to the Adams residence and roared up on the door, barked. From there the dogs would trail to the depot, where Adams was at work.

SHOT BY BANK ROBBERS.

Vergenes, Ill., Merchant Probably Fatally Wounded by Cracksmen.

Abraham Kimmel, a merchant, 45 years old, was shot and probably fatally wounded the other morning when five men attempted to rob the bank at Vergenes, a village nine miles north of Murphysboro, Ill. The bank is in Floyd's store, and the robbers stole \$100 from the store drawer, and then with two charges of nitroglycerin blew the first two doors from the safe. The explosion awoke Kimmel, who lives next door to the bank, and he opened his door, the robbers shot him and fled, escaping in the darkness.

SALTON SEA UNDER CONTROL.

Southern Pacific Turns Colorado Into Its Former Channel.

The Colorado river was turned back into its old channel leading to the Gulf of California on the other day for the first time in two years. The Salton river, near Imperial, Cal., is now in a fair way to become drained. The Southern Pacific undertook to turn the water into its old channel, and at last, after many discouragements, has succeeded at a cost of \$1,000,000.

\$3,500,000 Church Opened.

The new St. Paul Roman Catholic cathedral, representing a cost of \$3,500,000 and over three years' labor, was dedicated in Pittsburgh by Monsignor Diomedeo Falconio, papal delegate to America, assisted by Cardinal James Gibbons of Baltimore, Archbishop Farley of New York, Hyatt of Philadelphia and a score of other high dignitaries.

Educator Is Stabbed by Aid.

Rev. Dr. C. C. Miller, president of Centenary College, Jackson, La., one of the best known Methodist educators in the South, was seriously stabbed by Prof. W. F. Moncrieff, professor of physics and principal of the preparatory department, as the result of a quarrel over some meat supplied to the mess, of which the latter has charge.

Fatal Yearning for Chicago.

Mrs. H. B. Anderson, aged 32 years, recently from Chicago, committed suicide in Galveston, Texas, because she was homesick and despondent over the fact that she could not return to the Illinois city. She made a rope from a sheet and hanged herself from a transom.

Decrease in Ginned Cotton.

According to a bulletin issued by the census bureau there had been ginned up to Oct. 15, 4,910,290 bales of cotton of the growth of 1906, counting round bales as half bales. For the same period last year 4,990,590 bales were ginned.

Nicaragua Town in Ruins.

The steamer Limon, which arrived in Boston from Port Limon, Costa Rica, reported that Bluefields, one of the most prosperous towns of Nicaragua, is in ruins and all the banana plantations have been destroyed.

Washington Bank Shot.

The People's Savings Bank of Washington was closed by order of the comptroller of the currency. An examination by a national bank examiner showed the institution to be insolvent. John W. Schofield has been appointed receiver.

Says Rich Rule Church.

Rev. Dr. W. W. Boyd, for thirty years pastor of a wealthy St. Louis congregation, has left the ministry, saying the church is ruled by the rich.

FARMER'S WIFE SHOT.

MURDERED IN HER BED NEAR GOSHEN, IND.

Robbers Secured \$455 and Got Away, with Posses in Chase Pursuit—Chicago Traction Companies Propose Big Subway Plan.

Mrs. Lou Fuller was shot and killed by a robber, who escaped with \$453. Posses are scouring the country for the thief. Mrs. Fuller was the wife of a farmer and horse buyer who lives north of Goshen, Ind. She was shot and killed while lying in bed, presumably because she awoke and discovered the robber. She was 40 years old. Previous to the murder the husband in Fuller's barn was cut to pieces. Whether this was done to prevent pursuit or for revenge has not yet been ascertained by the authorities. When the burglar invaded the house Mrs. Fuller was asleep in one room and her husband in another. There was \$127 belonging to Mrs. Fuller, received from a recent sale of sheep, in a bureau drawer. In a pocket of Fuller's trousers there was \$351 additional. The burglar secured both sums. Fuller reports that he was awakened by two shots and rushed out of his room. At the head of the stairs he met the robber, who said: "Go back, old man, or I'll shoot." The robber dashed down the steps and out of the door, which he left open. Fuller investigated and found his wife dead. She had been shot in the head back of one ear, and there were powder marks in the flesh, showing the shot was fired at close range.

TO EXPERIMENT WITH BALLOONS.

Fort Omaha, Neb., Will Be the Scene of Interesting Tests.

Fort Omaha, Nebraska, is to be the scene of many interesting balloon experiments within the next few months. French manufacturers have shipped to the signal corps of the army a new species of silk balloons, which will be thoroughly tested at the Nebraska post. The signal corps already has several old balloons at Fort Omaha, which are used for experimental work. A large quantity of hydro-lite, from which hydrogen is generated by contact with water, has been purchased and a generating plant will probably be built at Fort Omaha, which will enable the signal corps to produce hydrogen easily. At present, hydrogen for experimental work is shipped in metal tanks. Practically all of the experiments of the signal corps are made with captive balloons. Maj. Samuel Rober and Capt. Charles De F. Chandler, who made a balloon trip Oct. 22 with the Aero Club, have reported to the signal club that their aerial travel from Pittsfield, Mass., to Bennington, Vt., was highly successful and will make a report on the trip, which is expected will be of considerable value to officers interested in ballooning.

POLAR EXPLORERS HEARD FROM.

Unexpected Progress Being Made by Mikkelson-Leffingwell Party.

Unexpectedly good progress is being made by the Mikkelson-Leffingwell party expedition, which left Victoria, B. C., on May 20 in the schooner Duchess of Bedford to locate a new continent believed to exist in the mysterious Beaufort Sea, westward of Banks Island. Letters from the explorers dated July 25 have been received. They state that Point Hope, originally intended as this winter's base, had been reached two months ahead of the program. From Point Hope to Minto Inlet, Prince Albert Land, is less than a thousand miles, and the explorers believe the schooner could cover in a fortnight, and she had two months of favorable weather in which to do it. The crucial event of the expedition is due in February, when the party will make westward across the ice packs for the unknown land. If this land be found a new route to the pole will have been attained.

POSTAL SERVICE TO COST MORE.

Department Asks Increase of \$15,121,530 for Coming Year.

Postmaster General Cortelyou has submitted to the Secretary of the Treasury for transmission to Congress estimates for the Postoffice Department and the postal service for the coming fiscal year. The amount asked for salaries in 1907 is \$12,000,000, an increase of \$1,000,000 over the appropriation for the current year, while the amount asked for the maintenance of the postal service is \$206,022,190, a net increase of \$121,530 over the appropriation for the current year. Provision is made for the purchase of the lines by the city, and a reduction in fares is suggested. Underground trolleys within five years are declared to be a possibility.

BIG SUBWAY FOR CHICAGO.

Receivers of Traction Co. Offer Ordinance Which May Solve Problem.

Receivers of the Chicago Union Traction Company and the Chicago City Rail Company have submitted an ordinance which may go far toward settling the problem. The proposal is to expend \$40,000,000 if the ordinance is passed, of which \$5,000,000 is for subways. Provision is made for the purchase of the lines by the city, and a reduction in fares is suggested. Underground trolleys within five years are declared to be a possibility.

Silverware Made More Costly.

People who buy silverware for holiday presents will pay higher prices than those lately prevailing. An advance has just been declared by a number of manufacturers, who have sent out new price lists. Increased cost of silver bullion and of labor are the reasons for the advance, the second this year.

Five Are Injured in Crash.

Running at a speed estimated at fifty miles an hour, the fast train known as the Cleveland flyer on the Fort Wayne road was struck by the caboose of a freight train near Bellevue station, Pa., five trainmen being injured in the wreck, all of whom will recover.

Actress In Robbed of \$250,000.

Anna Held reported to the police that she had been robbed of \$250,000 in jewels while on a train entering Cleveland. The police declare the robbery is not of the police agent variety, and they are bending every effort to recover the valuables.

Oil Well Enriches Poor Man.

By striking the largest oil well the Pennsylvania field has seen in twenty-five years, Andrew Rapp of Franklin, Pa., has been transformed from a poor man to an oil producer with wealth pouring in upon him at the rate of \$95 an hour.

Opens New Palatial Hotel.

The new fifteen-story Knickerbocker hotel, Broadway and Forty-second street, New York, was opened the other day. It adds another to the list of lavishly rich hostelry which began with the Waldorf-Astoria.

Barbentines Is Wrecked.

The barkentine Skagit was wrecked on the coast of Vancouver Island. Captain Ross and the cook were drowned, but the mate and seven men reached shore.

WILL BREAK PRECEDENT.

Reverend First President Leaving the Nation While in Office.

President Roosevelt will soon set sail from New York on his trip to Panama to investigate personally the conditions and general situation in the canal zone, and he will not return to Washington till the latter days of November. The trip will break precedent, for it is the first journey ever made to a foreign land by a President of the United States.

TROLLEY CARS ARE DEATH TRAPS FOR SEVENTY.

Fall Into Arm of Sea—Many Submerged in Twenty Feet of Water as Vehicles Leap Track Near Atlantic City.

Probably seventy persons were drowned Sunday by being plunged into the Thoroughfare—an arm of the sea—on the outskirts of Atlantic City, N. J. They were trapped in the three cars of an electric train from Camden on the West Jersey and Seashore Railroad. A twisted rail hurled the train from the bridge over the Thoroughfare to the water, fifteen feet below. Few of the 100 or so passengers escaped.

Little Chance for Escape.

For most of the passengers there was no opportunity of escape. The electric was running at good speed, although it had slowed down somewhat to cross the bridge. As the first car struck the twisted rail it leaped from the track, bumped along the ties for a few feet and plunged over the trestle to the water. It dragged the second coach with it. The rear car struck an abutment, which held it back for an instant, and then slid into the water. This brief delay allowed a few persons to escape.

A number of men and few women leaped out of the windows and the rear door and either fell into the water or caught hold of a post and were rescued. It is stated that fully 100 passengers were aboard, almost all of them crowded into the first and second cars. These were entombed.

ILLINOIS BANK IS LOOTED.

Bandits Blow Up the Safe at Olin and Escape.

Holding fully 100 terrified citizens at bay, a band of robbers "shot up the town" of Olin, Ill., early Friday, deliberately dynamited the Olin bank, took \$5,000 from the wrecked safe, and escaped. Fully ten minutes elapsed after the robbers touched off the first charge of dynamite before they secured the booty. Bloodhounds and a posse started on the trail of the cracksmen.

While the robbers held 100 men at bay in order to get their booty, other residents of the town were arming. As a result a running battle took place when the cracksmen fled. More than 100 shots were exchanged, but the safeblowers got away in the darkness. The robbers probably belong to the band that attempted to rob a bank at Vergenes, fifty miles south, Monday, and killed one man.

None of the citizens who engaged in the battle was hurt. It is not known whether any of the robbers were wounded. According to those in the fight, there were three or four robbers in the party.

The Bank of Olin is a private institution. It is capitalized at \$10,000.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

The Ohio State University at Columbus has issued a valuable bulletin on "Centralized Schools in Ohio." It shows by text and pictures the progress that is being made in the line of school consolidation in that State.

Kansas is to have a great corn-growing contest for boys this year. The indications now are that at least 6,000 boys will compete. One county has 486, J. H. Miller, State Institute secretary for the Kansas Agricultural College, has charge.

The report of Treasurer McCullough of Yale university shows that the annual income has increased from \$920,000 to \$980,000 and that the expenses for the past year were \$918,000, a decrease of \$1,000. Of this, \$407,213 went to pay the salaries of professors and instructors. The total assets are \$8,250,000.

Mrs. Rose Byrne, a teacher in Plymouth county, Iowa, was dismissed by the school board on complaints general in character and without introducing evidence to substantiate the same. She appealed to the county superintendent, who ordered Mrs. Byrne reinstated in her position. The board appealed to the State superintendent, and set up the contention that the burden of proof was on the teacher. But State Superintendent Riggs takes the opposite view. In affirming the order for the teacher's reinstatement he says: "The charges were so general in character, and some of them so trivial, that it was necessary to require evidence to substantiate the same. She appealed to the county superintendent, who ordered Mrs. Byrne reinstated in her position. The board appealed to the State superintendent, and set up the contention that the burden of proof was on the teacher. But State Superintendent Riggs takes the opposite view. 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Some people never get acquainted with the workings of a hoe because it requires so much elbow grease.

More and better green food supply and more meat of some kind are what the hen needs for winter egg production.

While wheat bran is a good feed for milk cows, it should always be fed with stronger grain to secure the best results.

The farm that is without good well water for the family and stock is worse off than the farm that has too much water in the fields.

Treatment that may entirely break one horse of a bad habit may entirely fail on another. It is hard to lay down rules that will work well in all cases.

You can better afford to starve your horse any other time than during the first year of their existence. A starved colt seldom makes a well-developed horse.

The man who sows winter wheat broadcast is inviting failure. It may not come, but it is liable to. If I could not drill my wheat I would not sow any.

The temperature of water for horses is not so much an object as the purity of it. While it is best to have the water cool, it is more important to have it free from all impurities.

The female animal on the farm that is coming up fresh at mating time is much more liable to produce a good offspring than the thin or poor animal. This should be thoroughly understood.

The hired man who kills his employer's time is just as dishonest as the man who steals his property, as he is getting money under false pretenses, and in so doing is a fraud and swindler.

Has it ever occurred to you that the horse in which grain is fed to horses will get foul and ill-smelling? They will and should be cleaned out occasionally. It pays to keep them clean, for a germ will do a lot of trouble sometimes.

In breeding cows for the dairy select the best and breed them to a sire from a butter-making family. Use only a thoroughbred bull, remembering that the bull will impress upon his offspring either his own likeness or that of his ancestors.

Without exercise it is impossible for the muscles of the young horses to develop, hence the necessity for a good-sized field for them to run in. If you would have horses with plenty of endurance, give the colts a chance to develop their muscles.

Twenty-five years ago a two horse team was used for doing all the heavy farm work, while to-day the same work, and much besides, is done by a heavy team of three draft horses, and the work is done much more advantageously, also resulting in less wear and tear upon the team.

The United States are celebrated for the fast horses that have developed. The same intelligence, feed, water, and atmosphere that developed speed with-out parallel will develop strength with-out parallel when devoted to that object. But the last will not be attained under existing conditions of draft-horse breeding.

The feeding of young chicks is really of minor consideration compared with sanitary conditions and proper management. There is no kind of food that will save them from filth and vermin. Well-hatched, well-fed and well-cared-for are the three absolute requisites for success, but the last of these is the greatest.

The man who knows how to produce good milk, and who will locate near a large city, has as good a chance as any to make money. He can get first prices by selling the milk direct to those who want it fresh and are willing to pay for it. In addition, his farm will pretty surely increase in value as the city grows.

The Wisconsin experiment station has been comparing the cost of production of mutton and beef. One hundred pounds of gain were made by a wether lamb on 284 pounds of corn, 206 pounds of corn fodder and twenty-two pounds of potatoes. To produce 100 pounds of gain in a steer required 694 pounds of corn, 187 pounds of bran and 645 pounds of silage.

A great many people who have never known the meaning of the word "tired" will spend three months at some pleasure resort resting. There is such a thing as knowing how to rest when one is tired, but as a rule the one who most needs rest knows nothing about the science. Look at Russell Sage, who never took a rest of any kind, and his labors were most arduous. The farmer who can rest without any pecuniary loss is a prince. We are learning more of the value of rest as the days go by.

"Some Common Weeds and Their Eradication." A most practical and helpful little bulletin lately issued by the Minnesota experiment station, in making suggestions for the eradication of small patches of quack grass recommends the tar paper method as one of the most effective. In the instance cited in the bulletin the tar paper was

spread over a patch of quack grass about a rod square. It was lapped enough to make a complete covering, and a few shovels full of dirt were thrown on the edges to keep them in place. Two days later the plants were all dead above ground, and a month later the roots were apparently completely dead. While this is commendable as an excellent for patches of small size, the cost of the tar paper would make it impractical for larger areas.

A move on the part of the animal husbandry department of the federal agricultural bureau which will be of especial interest to all breeders of fine horses has in view a perpetuation of the strain of Morgan horses, which in years gone by have had a merited reputation the country over of being one of the best all around general purpose breeds in America. With a view to carrying out its purpose the department sent a committee of experts to Kentucky, where some of the very finest types of the Morgan family were purchased and taken to Burlington, Vt., where for the present at least the government stud will be located. This is mentioned as merely one of a multitude of ways in which the department of agriculture is proving of practical and very definite value to the live stock interests of the country.

Food Capacity of Land.
Statisticians estimate that 21 acres of land are necessary to sustain one man on fresh meat. The same space of land, if devoted to wheat culture, would feed 42 people; if to oats, 88; potatoes, Indian corn and rice, 170, and if to plantain or bananas, over 4,000 people.

Wattle Shortness.
Buyers of Shorthorns who are afraid of the white ones should be interested in a statement recently made by one of the leading Shorthorn breeders of England, to the effect that the best sire he ever owned was a white one, and that of the fifty or more calves gotten by him while in the herd, not one was the color of the bull, all being roans or reds.

Value of Hides and Beef.
The value of cattle hides averages one-fifth of the value of the cattle. This was recently demonstrated by a careful test in handling eighteen head of cattle by Swift & Co. They bought the cattle and found they weighed a total of 23,080 pounds and cost \$3.60 a hundredweight, amounting to \$830.88. The eighteen hides weighed 1,288 pounds and sold for \$172, a little more than one-fifth of the cost of the cattle.

How to Graft Grapes.
The method of grafting grapes is somewhat different from that practiced on apples and other orchard fruits. The grape is grafted a short distance below the surface. The soil is removed, the stock saved off and split, and the cion inserted after the ordinary cleft method. The soil is then returned and banked up around the cion, on which there should be at least two buds. The best time to do the work is just as the stocks are starting growth in the spring.—John Craig, Cornell University.

Ventilation of Barns.
One of the great defects these days in all large barns and many small ones which are built is the lack of good ventilating facilities. This is partly due to ignorance and partly to indifference and partly to lack of good planning. This question is claiming the attention of some of the best architects of the day. No matter how well a barn may be equipped or how perfect the sanitary conditions, it will not be a success until ventilation is under proper control. Many of the largest barns are built with the express purpose of raising blooded stock, and the prevalence of tuberculosis among the herds is thought in many cases to originate from bad air.

Getting Rid of Sasaparilla.
Sasaparilla is one of the worst pests that can find a hold on a field. Cut it down, or even grub it up, and it will reappear almost unexpectedly, growing rapidly and taking possession of the land. There is a time when it can be removed to the best advantage, however, and that is by grubbing about the 1st of September, removing the roots, and then clearing off the field. Should any plants appear next spring, go into the field and touch a little sulphuric acid on each—half a teaspoonful will answer—and repeat should any roots reappear later, first cutting off all the plants that show above ground. This is also an excellent method of eradicating thistles and other weeds that are difficult to remove.

Storing the Honey Crop.
Years ago it was the custom to store honey in the cellar, as it was thought that a cool or cold place was what was needed for the preservation of this product. It is yet difficult to get this notion out of the minds of many.

However, it was soon discovered that if kept for any length of time in a cool, damp place the honey would become to sweat or ooze out of the unsealed cells, while if left in such a place for two or three months the cell cappings would assume a watery appearance and finally burst.

Some beekeepers work hard all the season to secure a crop of honey and then store it in such an unsuitable place that when it reaches market they do not get nearly so much for their labor as they would had they spent more thought on having their product reach the market in an attractive condition.

Many in the east store their honey in an upper room or attic. Where this can be done there is no better place to keep it.

In two or three weeks' time the honey will thoroughly ripen, when it can be prepared for market.—Farm Journal.

CHANGES IN CABINET.

GENERAL SHIFT IN PRESIDENT'S FAMILY PLANNED.

Oscar S. Straus and George Van L. Meyer Will Take Office When Shaw and Moody Step Out—Personal of Reorganized Body.

President Roosevelt announced Tuesday night the reorganization of his cabinet made necessary by the retirement of Attorney General Moody Jan. 1 and the retirement of Secretary Shaw of the Treasury Department March 4. The two new cabinet ministers will be George V. L. Meyer, now ambassador to Russia, as postmaster general and Oscar S. Straus of New York as secretary of commerce and labor. Messrs. Cortelyou, Bonaparte and Metcalf will have new portfolios.

The reorganized cabinet will be as follows:

Secretary of State—Elliott Root of New York.
Secretary of the Treasury—George B. Cortelyou of New York.
Secretary of War—William H. Taft of Ohio.
Attorney General—Charles J. Bonaparte of Maryland.
Postmaster General—George von L. Meyer of Massachusetts.
Secretary of the Navy—Victor H. Metcalf of California.
Secretary of the Interior—Ethan Allen Hitchcock of Missouri.
Secretary of Agriculture—James Wilson of Iowa.
Secretary of Commerce and Labor—Oscar Solomon Straus of New York.

Mr. Straus is a well-known New York merchant who was formerly a Democrat, but left the party on the free silver question, and has been a Republican since. He was minister to Turkey under Cleveland's second administration and was reappointed by McKinley. Mr. Straus is a Jew, and his appointment is remarkable from the fact that he is the first Jew to be a member of the cabinet of the United States.

BURTON IS IN JAIL.

Former Senator Incarcerated in Prison.
Ex-Senator J. Ralph Burton, the first United States Senator ever convicted of a crime while holding a seat in the Senate, has begun his term in jail at Ironton, Mo. The highest court in the land refused to intervene to save him from the six months' sentence imposed for having used his official influence with the Postoffice Department to prevent the issuance of a fraud order against the Rialto Grain and Securities Company, a rich-quick concern which flourished in Missouri a few years ago.

When Burton, at that time a United States Senator from Kansas, was convicted of the crime of using his official station to make money unlawfully, it was said that he would never be punished for his offense. He himself believed it would be possible to obtain immunity for his acts and that the humiliation and discomfort of serving a term in prison would not be his. Immediately after his conviction an appeal was made to the higher courts and it went as far as the United States Supreme Court. It had the effect of delaying his punishment, but the Supreme Court denied his petition for a rehearing in the case, and the ex-Senator has begun his term in the little prison.

THE CANNED BEEF INDUSTRY.

Figures on Exports Show Trade to Have Fallen 90%.
Detailed reports of the export business in canned beef go to show how the export output of that product has been reduced since last spring. In August the exports were down to 659,127 pounds, against 5,048,553 pounds same month last year. For September the exports increased to 1,644,813 pounds, against 2,835,792 pounds for September last year. The figures for September still show a business only 42 per cent of that done at the same time last year, but August's business was only about 13 per cent of the volume of business done the same month last year.

For nine months of this year a total of 51,101,718 pounds of canned beef has been sent out, against 52,577,484 the same time last year, and the value of this stands \$3,042,792, against \$5,135,501 worth of canned beef sold the same time last year. For the nine months of the fiscal year ending with March, 1905, the exports of canned beef were 52,000,873 pounds, valued at \$3,207,013, against 48,075,020 pounds, valued at \$4,840,757 for exports the same period ending with March, 1905.

Riots Stop French Races.

The throng of spectators at the Long-champs course near Paris, last Sunday, was thrown into a panic by a riot in the betting of the horses, which culminated in the burning of the grandstand and the calling out of soldiers and gendarmes to save property and restore order. The rioters retreated when the soldiers arrived, but much damage had already been done. The disturbance was brought about by a bad start in the free handicap which left the favorite and three other horses at the post and enabled an outsider to win the race. The government next day took cognizance of the riot by announcing that there would be no more racing this season.

Paris Dances Disfranchising Corsets.

There prevails at present an unprecedented corset crusade among the fashionable women of Paris, taking their cue from famous actresses. The society leaders have adopted the theory that the female figure is in reality more beautiful and graceful in its natural lines than with the construction and distortion of the corset. Since the empire style has come in the prevailing plan is to have the weight of the garments largely suspended from the shoulders.

Supreme Court Contempt Cases.

The answer of Sheriff Ship of Hamilton county, Tenn., and nine deputies, to the charge of contempt made by the Supreme Court in connection with the lynching of a negro named Ed Johnson at Chattanooga last March after Johnson's appeal had been granted by the highest court, was filed at Washington, by ex-Attorney General Harlan. The answer contends that the negro's case was not appealable, but that in any case the sheriff and his deputies did their best to prevent the lynching.

Michigan State News

DEATH TRAP IN CORN SHOCK.

Outrage Results in Serious Injury of Fred Hill and Son.

Concealed in a shock of corn an infernal machine severely injured Fred Hill and his 19-year-old son near Mason. The boy's condition is serious. The explosion was heard for miles around, and excitement in Wheatfield township, where it occurred, runs high. Hill and his son were out in the field husking corn. When they pulled over the "loaded" shock there was a terrific explosion. Both were knocked insensible. Hill's injuries are painful but not serious. The boy was injured about the head and legs. Officers investigated later. They found that the biggest ditch in the township, which was the movement of the corn shock would pull a string, setting off the trigger and discharging the contents into a box of dynamite. The corn shock was blown to shreds. Three years ago Hill shot John Hulbert, a neighbor, who had been paying attention to his wife, but Hulbert recovered. A year ago a thrashing machine at work on Hill's farm was practically destroyed by scrap-iron that had been placed in the oats.

MARSH LAND RECLAIMED.

Ditch Dredge Through Southern Michigan.
Drain Commissioner Little of Kalamazoo county, in a report to the supervisors, reported several thousands of acres of marsh land reclaimed and put in a state for cultivation during the past year. Last spring work was started on one of the biggest ditches in the state, a ditch which runs through Kalamazoo, St. Joseph, Cass and Van Buren counties. The ditch drains territory two to three miles wide, parts of which few persons have ever traversed. Other big marshes in this section will be drained next year.

PANIC CAUSED BY FIRE CRY.

Mad Rush for Doors in Crowded Kalamazoo Theatre.
A cry of fire in the vaudeville theatre of Wonderland in Kalamazoo created a panic in a large crowd in the picture machine room. Women began screaming and there was a mad rush for the front door. Three women were knocked down, trampled and badly bruised in the rush. The fire started from a picture machine in the balcony of the theatre, and Earl Ferny was badly burned about the hands and face. When the boys reached the back of the first performance when the film caught fire from an electric wire.

CIRCUMSTANCES CONVICT.

Niles Man Found Guilty of Man-slaughter.
William Walker of Niles was convicted in St. Joseph of manslaughter. It was charged that he gave Cleo Burke of Niles medicine which caused her death. After one of the hardest fights ever seen in the Circuit Court, he was convicted. Although there was little but circumstantial evidence, and although it was believed that Walker would be freed, the jury returned a verdict of guilty after being out three hours.

OSIFIED BOY IS DEAD.

Owosso Lad's Muscles Turned to Stone.
Otto Barnes, whose muscles had turned to bone, died at the home of his grandmother, Mrs. Anna Ritter, in Venice township, near Owosso. He was 17 years old. When the boy reached the age of 10 he stopped growing. It was not until a few weeks ago that he lost control of all his muscles. He had read a great deal and knew more than many boys of his age.

YOUNG MAN BADLY BURNED.

Fire started in the farm barn of Mrs. E. Neiffer, one mile west of Flat Rock, on an unknown reason. Mrs. Neiffer's son was quite badly burned while getting the horses out. The damage is about \$3,500, partly insured. It is thought the barn was set on fire, as fire had been discovered on two previous occasions.

FARMER IS STUNG BY WORM.

Hand Probably Will Be Crippled for Life.
Stung in the hand by a large worm which infests milk weeds, Almon Adams, an old resident of Ellington, in hauling oats during autumn harvest, has been disabled. The worm, which is a species of the palm of the hand has had to be scraped and the hand is likely to be crippled for life. The neighbors are going to have a bee and husk his eight acres of corn.

Better Fire Protection.

As the result of the action of the village council, Plainville will have modern fire protection. A fire whistle and a system of alarm boxes will be installed in various parts of the town. There are now four companies and a hook and ladder organization, and an efficient line of fire protection proven that it has been several years since a severe fire has visited the village.

Vaccination Fatal to a Child.

Death from lockjaw in its most frightful form was the fate of little Alvin Henderson, the 7-year-old son of Capt. A. W. Henderson of Port Huron. The dreaded disease resulted from vaccination.

Fire Destroys Locomotives.

The Duluth, South Shore and Atlantic railway roundhouse at Houghton was totally destroyed by fire. Three locomotives were ruined; also much other property. The loss is \$50,000.

Rich Gift to Mining School.

A donation of \$8,000 has been made the Michigan College of Mines at Houghton for the purpose of equipping the gymnasium, by A. L. Norris, for whom the Norris mine was named. Mr. Norris lives abroad.

Thieves Raid a Pest House.

An odd robbery is reported from Ironwood. Thieves have just been discovered to have broken into the pesthouse on the outskirts of the city and carried off sheets, pillow cases, towels and bedding. The place has been used only by small-pox patients and an outbreak of the disease is now feared.

Child Terribly Scalded.

The 4-year-old daughter of Richard DeWright, a saloonkeeper in Allegan, while visiting a neighbor, backed into a wash boiler of boiling water and was severely scalded.

BOY DIES OF WOUNDS.

Fight at Lonsville May Result in Murder Charge.

Frank Mexicott, 14 years old, died as a result of wounds received in a fight several days ago, it is alleged, with two brothers named Heynolds, aged 13 and 17 years respectively. The fight took place at Lonsville, where all those concerned live. It is claimed that the Heynolds boys struck young Mexicott over the head with a bottle. The boy did not appear to be very seriously injured, although he was confined to his bed. The two Heynolds boys were arrested on a charge of simple assault and battery, and were fined \$5 each by Justice Glaspele at Lonsville.

DROWN IN SUDDEN DELUGE.

Two Caught by Rush of Water Into Shaft for Building.

Before their cries for help could be answered, Fred Bush, a Saginaw mine-shaft builder, and Lewis Dote, a Hungarian workman, were caught under a deluge of water and drowned at the bottom of one of the shafts being sunk for the foundation of the new Post office building, which will be Detroit's tallest building. Water broke through the casing and in an instant the shaft was filled to a depth of sixty feet. It was several hours before the bodies were recovered.

QUARREL WAS LAST STRAW.

Vicksburg Woman Commits Suicide After Fight.

After a quarrel with her mother-in-law as to whether her husband, who was ill, should have a trained nurse, Mrs. Carrie Kimble committed suicide in Vicksburg by swallowing morphine. She had been married but six months, and recently her husband, Roy Kimble, was operated upon for tuberculosis of the bowels. His continued illness had made Mrs. Kimble despondent, and when she had a quarrel with Kimble's mother, it was the last straw. She took morphine, and died several hours later.

MUST RETURN CHILDREN.

Trip of Band to Pacific Coast in Auto Abandoned.

At a meeting of the directors of Good Will farm at Houghton, former Supt. H. D. Draper was made to return to the home twenty-one children, comprising a band which he took with him upon a tour of the United States. Draper was met in Milwaukee by an attorney and induced to bring the children back. He is having constructed at Detroit an automobile in which the band was to travel to Seattle, Wash.

CHILD HUNTER SHOTS FRIEND.

Places Loaded Weapon at Companion's Head and Pulls Trigger.
While on a hunting trip near Kalamazoo William Carlson, a 14-year-old boy, was fatally shot by a rifle in the hands of 10-year-old Harold Byers. Byers pointed the loaded rifle at William's younger brother, who dodged behind a tree. Turning back, Byers placed the weapon at William's head and fired. Byers and his younger brother sneaked home at meal time, but sullenly refused to give any reason for the shooting.

Within Our Borders.

James D. Derby, a well-known business man of Lansing for many years, died, aged 62 years.

John Tillman, aged 74 years, a resident of Byron, was killed by an Amb Arlor train at Corunna.

J. Howard Reid of Flint, a 15-year-old boy, died after a long illness of industrial school for boys, of typhoid fever.

The Carp River friends of the Pioneer Ice Co. went out of blast because of inability to secure enough men to operate it.

Philip Dietz, aged 72, father of County Clerk Dietz, died in Monroe of a lingering illness. He was a highly respected pioneer.

The State labor bureau's canvass of the women wage earners of Lansing shows that the average wage paid is \$1.03, as against 94 cents one year ago.

Orlando, Scott of Cheshire township was killed by the accidental discharge of a rifle. While running he stumbled and fell, the charge entering the brain.

Louis Moquin of Spaulding, who was adjudged insane last spring and sent to the Newberry asylum, but who escaped recently, has appeared at his home, having walked the distance of nearly 200 miles.

Because she was despondent over a love affair, Mrs. Mary Epfel, a Saint Ignace widow, took a fatal dose of laudanum with suicidal intent. She will probably recover. She was in love with a man who married another woman.

Considerable excitement has been created in Kalamazoo over the finding of the bones of a human being in a place where excavation is being made for a business block. A saloon of very bad reputation was located there for several years.

Elmer G. Baker and William Walton, tailors, were badly burned in a fire at the Bromberg building in Battle Creek. Baker was filling a hot "goose" with gasoline when it exploded, splashing his face and arms with the burning liquid. Baker was caught by the same flood of gasoline and suffered much.

After wandering for three days and two nights through the dense forests of Delta and Marquette counties without food and while a snow storm was raging, John Fray, employed by the I. Stephenson Company, has been found near Negaunee. When picked up by a homesteader, Fray was clinging to a tree, jabbering like a maniac and suffering from exposure and exhaustion. Little hope for his recovery is entertained. His clothing hung in strips, furnishing proof of the hardships he had undergone.

Mrs. Ida Pollock, wife of Dr. James R. Pollock, instructor in botany in the University of Michigan, committed suicide by inserting a tube in her mouth and turning on illuminating gas.

The city health department is promising a lot of trouble for a large number of people in Kalamazoo. There is an ordinance which compels those living along streets where there is a sewer to make connections. This ordinance has been ignored for a year. The activity of this department will insure practically every home in the city with sewer service in a short time.

John Farn, a logger, was killed at Paynesville while skidding logs. His back was broken by a heavy log from a log that had caught in a tree trunk and flew around when released. He was 35 years old and leaves a widow and a mother.

Crushed to an unrecognizable mass, the body of Frank Farrnell of Chicago, employed on the Milwaukee road over dock at Escanaba, was taken from hold of steamer Robert R. Rhodes. Farrnell fell into a pocket of the dock and was carried through the chute to the hold. Nearly 200 tons of ore covered the body before the men from the pocket could be stopped. Farrnell was 21.

Sunday School LESSON FOR NOVEMBER 4.

The Lord's Supper.—Matt. 26:17-30. Golden Text.—This do in remembrance of Me.—1 Cor. 11:24.

We have now arrived at the last whole day in the life of Jesus. It was the evening before His death on the cross that Jesus ate His last memorial supper with His disciples. He was so soon to be taken away from them, and He wished so much that they should continue to have a sense of close fellowship with Him! He would give them a ceremony which they might repeat frequently when He had left this earth and which would be a constant reminder to them of His love for them and would help them to understand His death—a ceremony which generation after generation of disciples would take up. For it was not solely the need of remembrance about Him that Jesus wished to comfort and keep in constant memory of Himself. He wished that His disciples in all coming ages should hold Him in such loving, intimate remembrance as is implied in the holding of a memorial supper.

Not only, however, was this supper to be a means of bringing to mind the Master. It was to perpetuate the knowledge of that fact, namely, the need of repentance for sin. Man severed from God by sin can only be reconciled to Him through the shedding of blood. That was the truth that the first Passover in Egypt and all its successors was intended to teach. That was a truth kept before the Israelites in the sacrificial rites which they were taught to perform.

The Lord's Supper is a continuance of the old Passover in a different form, and with a much larger significance. Its main idea is that we must live through the sacrifice of Jesus. His death, His blood shed for us, is our safety.

When the angel of the Lord saw the blood on the posts and lintel of any doorway in Egypt at that awful night when the first-born of the Egyptians were slain, He passed by that house; the blood protected all who were in it.

It must have been a great mystery to the Israelites why this ceremony should have been demanded of them, and why the blood actually did protect. Some of them may have had glimpses of God's meaning, but we have the clue: these Passovers, these sacrifices were all typical; they all pre-figured the sacrifice of Jesus. And it is only through that sacrifice, and through our acceptance of it, that we can enter into communion with God, as the Israelites did. It was by faith applied to our consciences the efficacy of the blood of Christ, it will relieve us entirely of that sense of condemnation in God's sight which every serious-minded person must have by nature.

Notes.

Verse 17.—Jesus was obedient to the law of Moses. He had come to Jerusalem to keep the Passover in accordance with that law. The Passover was a family feast, but Jesus had no family; His disciples were His family. As they were not living in Jerusalem, but at Bethany, it was necessary to find some place in Jerusalem where they could eat the Passover.

The Twelve.—Near the commencement of His ministry Jesus had picked out twelve disciples to be His companions that by close contact with Him they might absorb His spirit and grow into an understanding of His character and His teachings, and so be fitted to receive the gift of the Holy Spirit on Pentecost and to carry on His work.

Among the twelve apostles there was, however, one who was "a devil." He was an example of the treachery that is found in the human heart in all ages, and which is very often to be seen in religious organizations and movements. There will always be men and women who, while they appear amongst the Lord's servants and probably think of themselves as being in such company, are yet worldly and self-seeking in all their religious acts and observances. These are at once a contrast and a warning. They show us that imitation gods may look wonderfully like the real ones. They teach us that we must keep watch upon ourselves and not imagine that we can afford to be careless in regard to our friendship with Christ or to our own inclinations when He prompts us to do. (See John 6:70.)

Is it I?—The apostle did not question the Master's insight. He felt that: He knew them better than they knew themselves, and that one of them would really turn traitor. Each of them was conscious of weakness and sinfulness.

The Traitor Disclosed.—Jesus had long known that Judas was a thief and a traitor, and yet He not only allowed Him to associate with the other apostles, but even allowed Him to act as treasurer for the company. And it is evident that Jesus had never manifested any lack of confidence in Judas; for if He had the other apostles would have known at once who was the traitor. But now it was time that both Judas and the others should know that the Master had not been imposed upon.

Body and Blood.—In a symbolic sense we eat the flesh and drink the blood of Jesus. That is, we appropriate His life and His death. Our spirits are nourished and vitalized by personal contact with Him, and by receiving vital energy from Him. It is an ever new miracle and, like other miracles, cannot be explained. Christ Himself enters into us and becomes our life. (Gal. 2:20.)

The idea is that we are altogether dependent upon Jesus for sustenance for our souls, just as we are dependent upon food for the needs of our bodies. He claimed to be the Bread of life, and the giver of the Water of life, a well of water springing up into everlasting life.

A Hymn.—There were special psalms sung at the Passover. (Psa. 115 to 118.) It is likely that the hymn was one of these Psalms.

More Church Union in Canada.

The union of all Baptist churches in Canada is now likely, says the Boston Watchman, commenting on the recent consolidation of Baptists, Free Baptists and United Baptists of the maritime provinces. Overtures have been made also by the Disciples of Christ for closer union and fellowship with the maritime Baptists' organization. Besides this, the new union of Baptists has received overtures from the executive committee of the union movement between the Presbyterians, Methodists and Congregationalists, suggesting that their union include Baptists and Anglicans.

School for Crippled Children.

Supt. Edson of the New York board of education announces that the board will ultimately provide special schools for 7,000 crippled children of the poor on the theory that the city owes them an education. Last year there was a small class for cripples, but now an entire school has been organized for them. To this school 125 children are brought in stages. The desks and chairs have been cut to fit the physical peculiarities of each individual.

THE WEEKLY HISTORIAN



1820—Siege of Vienna abandoned by the Turks.

1810—First Duke of Ormonde, chief supporter of the Stuart cause in Ireland, born. Died July 21, 1688.

1622—Peace of Montpelier, ending the Huguenot wars.

1728—City of Copenhagen, Denmark, nearly destroyed by fire.

1775—Continental Congress adopted the Pine Tree Flag.

1777—Gen. Gates defeated Gen. Burgoyne at Saratoga.

1770—End of siege at Savannah, Ga.

